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Chapter 1

GNU Generic Security Service (GSS) API Reference Manual

GSS is an implementation of the Generic Security Service Application Program Interface (GSS-API). GSS-API is used by network servers to provide security services, e.g., to authenticate SMTP/IMAP clients against SMTP/IMAP servers. GSS consists of a library and a manual.

GSS is developed for the GNU/Linux system, but runs on over 20 platforms including most major Unix platforms and Windows, and many kind of devices including iPAQ handhelds and S/390 mainframes.

GSS is a GNU project, and is licensed under the GNU General Public License version 3 or later.

1.1 gss

gss —

Types and Values

#define	GSS_VERSION
#define	GSS_VERSION_MAJOR
#define	GSS_VERSION_MINOR
#define	GSS_VERSION_PATCH
#define	GSS_VERSION_NUMBER

Description

Functions

Types and Values

GSS_VERSION

```
# define GSS_VERSION "1.0.4"
```

Pre-processor symbol with a string that describe the header file version number. Used together with gss_check_version() to verify header file and run-time library consistency.

GSS_VERSION_MAJOR

```
# define GSS_VERSION_MAJOR 1
```

Pre-processor symbol with a decimal value that describe the major level of the header file version number. For example, when the header version is 1.2.3 this symbol will be 1.

GSS_VERSION_MINOR

```
# define GSS_VERSION_MINOR 0
```

Pre-processor symbol with a decimal value that describe the minor level of the header file version number. For example, when the header version is 1.2.3 this symbol will be 2.

GSS_VERSION_PATCH

```
# define GSS_VERSION_PATCH 4
```

Pre-processor symbol with a decimal value that describe the patch level of the header file version number. For example, when the header version is 1.2.3 this symbol will be 3.

GSS_VERSION_NUMBER

```
# define GSS_VERSION_NUMBER 0x010004
```

Pre-processor symbol with a hexadecimal value describing the header file version number. For example, when the header version is 1.2.3 this symbol will have the value 0x010203.

1.2 api

api —

Functions

#define	GSS_CALLING_ERROR()
#define	GSS_ROUTINE_ERROR()
#define	GSS_SUPPLEMENTARY_INFO()
#define	GSS_ERROR()
OM_uint32	gss_acquire_cred ()
OM_uint32	gss_release_cred ()
OM_uint32	gss_init_sec_context ()
OM_uint32	gss_accept_sec_context ()
OM_uint32	gss_process_context_token ()
OM_uint32	gss_delete_sec_context ()
OM_uint32	gss_context_time ()
OM_uint32	gss_get_mic ()
OM_uint32	gss_verify_mic ()
OM_uint32	gss_wrap ()
OM_uint32	gss_unwrap ()
OM_uint32	gss_display_status ()
OM_uint32	gss_indicate_mechs ()

OM_uint32	gss_compare_name ()
OM_uint32	gss_display_name ()
OM_uint32	gss_import_name ()
OM_uint32	gss_export_name ()
OM_uint32	gss_release_name ()
OM_uint32	gss_release_buffer ()
OM_uint32	gss_release_oid_set ()
OM_uint32	gss_inquire_cred ()
OM_uint32	gss_inquire_context ()
OM_uint32	gss_wrap_size_limit ()
OM_uint32	gss_add_cred ()
OM_uint32	gss_inquire_cred_by_mech ()
OM_uint32	gss_export_sec_context ()
OM_uint32	gss_import_sec_context ()
OM_uint32	gss_create_empty_oid_set ()
OM_uint32	gss_add_oid_set_member ()
OM_uint32	gss_test_oid_set_member ()
OM_uint32	gss_inquire_names_for_mech ()
OM_uint32	gss_inquire_mechs_for_name ()
OM_uint32	gss_canonicalize_name ()
OM_uint32	gss_duplicate_name ()
OM_uint32	gss_sign ()
OM_uint32	gss_verify ()
OM_uint32	gss_seal ()
OM_uint32	gss_unseal ()
OM_uint32	gss_inquire_sasIname_for_mech ()
OM_uint32	gss_inquire_mech_for_saslname ()
int	gss_oid_equal ()
OM_uint32	gss_encapsulate_token ()
OM_uint32	gss_decapsulate_token ()

Types and Values

typedef	gss_ctx_id_t
typedef	gss_cred_id_t
typedef	gss_name_t
typedef	gss_uint32
typedef	OM_uint32
typedef	gss_qop_t
typedef	gss_cred_usage_t
#define	GSS_C_DELEG_FLAG
#define	GSS_C_MUTUAL_FLAG
#define	GSS_C_REPLAY_FLAG
#define	GSS_C_SEQUENCE_FLAG
#define	GSS_C_CONF_FLAG
#define	GSS_C_INTEG_FLAG
#define	GSS_C_ANON_FLAG
#define	GSS_C_PROT_READY_FLAG
#define	GSS_C_TRANS_FLAG
#define	GSS_C_BOTH
#define	GSS_C_INITIATE
#define	GSS_C_ACCEPT
#define	GSS_C_GSS_CODE
#define	GSS_C_MECH_CODE
#define	GSS_C_AF_UNSPEC
#define	GSS_C_AF_LOCAL

#define	GSS_C_AF_INET
#define	GSS_C_AF_INET GSS_C_AF_INET
#define	GSS C AF PUP

#define	GSS_C_AF_CHAOS
#define	GSS_C_AF_NS
#define	GSS_C_AF_NBS
#define	GSS_C_AF_ECMA
#define	GSS_C_AF_DATAKIT
#define	GSS_C_AF_CCITT
#define	GSS_C_AF_SNA
#define	GSS_C_AF_DECnet
#define	GSS_C_AF_DLI
#define	GSS_C_AF_LAT
#define	GSS_C_AF_HYLINK
#define	GSS_C_AF_APPLETALK
#define	GSS_C_AF_BSC
#define	GSS_C_AF_DSS
#define	GSS_C_AF_OSI
#define	GSS_C_AF_X25
#define	GSS_C_AF_NULLADDR
#define	GSS_C_NO_NAME
#define	GSS_C_NO_BUFFER
#define	GSS_C_NO_OID
#define	GSS_C_NO_OID_SET
#define	GSS_C_NO_CONTEXT
#define	GSS_C_NO_CREDENTIAL
#define	GSS_C_NO_CHANNEL_BINDINGS
#define	GSS_C_EMPTY_BUFFER
#define	GSS_C_NULL_OID
#define	GSS_C_NULL_OID_SET
#define	GSS_C_QOP_DEFAULT
#define	GSS_C_INDEFINITE
extern gss_OID	GSS_C_NT_USER_NAME
extern gss_OID	GSS_C_NT_MACHINE_UID_NAME
extern gss_OID	GSS_C_NT_STRING_UID_NAME
extern gss_OID	GSS_C_NT_HOSTBASED_SERVICE_X
extern gss_OID	GSS_C_NT_HOSTBASED_SERVICE
extern gss_OID	GSS_C_NT_ANONYMOUS
extern gss_OID	GSS_C_NT_EXPORT_NAME
#define	GSS_S_COMPLETE
#define	GSS_C_CALLING_ERROR_OFFSET
#define	GSS_C_ROUTINE_ERROR_OFFSET
#define	GSS_C_SUPPLEMENTARY_OFFSET
#define	GSS_C_CALLING_ERROR_MASK
#define	GSS_C_ROUTINE_ERROR_MASK
#define	GSS_C_SUPPLEMENTARY_MASK
#define	GSS S CALL INACCESSIBLE READ
	1 000 0 CALL INACCESSIBLE READ
#define	GSS_S_CALL_INACCESSIBLE_WRITE
#define #define	GSS_S_CALL_INACCESSIBLE_WRITE GSS_S_CALL_BAD_STRUCTURE
#define #define	GSS_S_CALL_INACCESSIBLE_WRITE GSS_S_CALL_BAD_STRUCTURE GSS_S_BAD_MECH
#define #define #define #define	GSS_S_CALL_INACCESSIBLE_WRITE GSS_S_CALL_BAD_STRUCTURE GSS_S_BAD_MECH GSS_S_BAD_NAME
#define #define #define #define #define	GSS_S_CALL_INACCESSIBLE_WRITE GSS_S_CALL_BAD_STRUCTURE GSS_S_BAD_MECH GSS_S_BAD_NAME GSS_S_BAD_NAMETYPE
#define #define #define #define #define #define #define	GSS_S_CALL_INACCESSIBLE_WRITE GSS_S_CALL_BAD_STRUCTURE GSS_S_BAD_MECH GSS_S_BAD_NAME GSS_S_BAD_NAMETYPE GSS_S_BAD_BINDINGS
#define #define #define #define #define #define #define #define #define	GSS_S_CALL_INACCESSIBLE_WRITE GSS_S_CALL_BAD_STRUCTURE GSS_S_BAD_MECH GSS_S_BAD_NAME GSS_S_BAD_NAMETYPE GSS_S_BAD_BINDINGS GSS_S_BAD_STATUS
#define #define #define #define #define #define #define	GSS_S_CALL_INACCESSIBLE_WRITE GSS_S_CALL_BAD_STRUCTURE GSS_S_BAD_MECH GSS_S_BAD_NAME GSS_S_BAD_NAMETYPE GSS_S_BAD_BINDINGS

#define	GSS_S_NO_CRED
#define	GSS_S_NO_CONTEXT
#define	GSS_S_DEFECTIVE_TOKEN
#define	GSS_S_DEFECTIVE_CREDENTIAL
#define	GSS_S_CREDENTIALS_EXPIRED
#define	GSS_S_CONTEXT_EXPIRED
#define	GSS_S_FAILURE
#define	GSS_S_BAD_QOP
#define	GSS_S_UNAUTHORIZED
#define	GSS_S_UNAVAILABLE
#define	GSS_S_DUPLICATE_ELEMENT
#define	GSS_S_NAME_NOT_MN
#define	GSS_S_CONTINUE_NEEDED
#define	GSS_S_DUPLICATE_TOKEN
#define	GSS_S_OLD_TOKEN
#define	GSS_S_UNSEQ_TOKEN
#define	GSS_S_GAP_TOKEN
typedef	gss_const_buffer_t
typedef	gss_const_ctx_id_t
typedef	gss_const_cred_id_t
typedef	gss_const_name_t
typedef	gss_const_OID
typedef	gss_const_OID_set

Description

Functions

GSS_CALLING_ERROR()

#define GSS_CALLING_ERROR(x)

GSS_ROUTINE_ERROR()

GSS_SUPPLEMENTARY_INFO()

#define GSS_SUPPLEMENTARY_INFO(x)

GSS_ERROR()

#define GSS_ERROR(x)

gss_acquire_cred ()

```
gss_cred_usage_t cred_usage,
gss_cred_id_t *output_cred_handle,
gss_OID_set *actual_mechs,
OM_uint32 *time_rec);
```

Allows an application to acquire a handle for a pre-existing credential by name. GSS-API implementations must impose a local access-control policy on callers of this routine to prevent unauthorized callers from acquiring credentials to which they are not entitled. This routine is not intended to provide a "login to the network" function, as such a function would involve the creation of new credentials rather than merely acquiring a handle to existing credentials. Such functions, if required, should be defined in implementation-specific extensions to the API.

If desired_name is GSS_C_NO_NAME, the call is interpreted as a request for a credential handle that will invoke default behavior when passed to gss_init_sec_context() (if cred_usage is GSS_C_BOTH) or gss_init_sec_context() (if cred_usage is GSS_C_ACCEPT or GSS_C_BOTH).

Mechanisms should honor the desired_mechs parameter, and return a credential that is suitable to use only with the requested mechanisms. An exception to this is the case where one underlying credential element can be shared by multiple mechanisms; in this case it is permissible for an implementation to indicate all mechanisms with which the credential element may be used. If desired_mechs is an empty set, behavior is undefined.

This routine is expected to be used primarily by context acceptors, since implementations are likely to provide mechanism-specific ways of obtaining GSS-API initiator credentials from the system login process. Some implementations may therefore not support the acquisition of GSS_C_INITIATE or GSS_C_BOTH credentials via gss_acquire_cred for any name other than GSS_C_NO_NAME, or a name produced by applying either gss_inquire_cred to a valid credential, or gss_inquire_context to an active context.

If credential acquisition is time-consuming for a mechanism, the mechanism may choose to delay the actual acquisition until the credential is required (e.g. by gss_init_sec_context or gss_accept_sec_context). Such mechanism-specific implementation decisions should be invisible to the calling application; thus a call of gss_inquire_cred immediately following the call of gss_acquire_cred must return valid credential data, and may therefore incur the overhead of a deferred credential acquisition.

	(integer, modify)	
minor_status	Mechanism specific status	
	code.	
	(gss_name_t, read) Name of	
desired_name	principal whose credential	
	should be acquired.	
	(Integer, read, optional)	
	Number of seconds that	
	credentials should remain	
time_req	valid. Specify	
time_req	GSS_C_INDEFINITE to	
	request that the credentials	
	have the maximum	
	permitted lifetime.	
	(Set of Object IDs, read,	
	optional) Set of underlying	
	security mechanisms that	
desired_mechs	may be used.	
desired_meens	GSS_C_NO_OID_SET	
	may be used to obtain an	
	implementation-specific	
	default.	

cred_usage	(gss_cred_usage_t, read) GSS_C_BOTH - Credentials may be used either to initiate or accept security contexts. GSS_C_INITIATE - Credentials will only be used to initiate security contexts. GSS_C_ACCEPT - Credentials will only be used to accept security contexts.	
output_cred_handle	(gss_cred_id_t, modify) The returned credential handle. Resources associated with this credential handle must be released by the application after use with a call to gss_release_cred().	
actual_mechs	(Set of Object IDs, modify, optional) The set of mechanisms for which the credential is valid. Storage associated with the returned OID-set must be released by the application after use with a call to gss_release_oid_set(). Specify NULL if not required.	
time_rec	(Integer, modify, optional) Actual number of seconds for which the returned credentials will remain valid. If the implementation does not support expiration of credentials, the value GSS_C_INDEFINITE will be returned. Specify NULL if not required.	

GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.

 ${\tt GSS_S_BAD_MECH:} \ Unavailable \ mechanism \ requested.$

GSS_S_BAD_NAMETYPE: Type contained within desired_name parameter is not supported.

GSS_S_BAD_NAME: Value supplied for desired_name parameter is ill formed.

GSS_S_CREDENTIALS_EXPIRED: The credentials could not be acquired Because they have expired.

 ${\tt GSS_S_NO_CRED} : \textbf{No credentials were found for the specified name}.$

gss_release_cred ()

Informs GSS-API that the specified credential handle is no longer required by the application, and frees associated resources. The cred_handle is set to GSS_C_NO_CREDENTIAL on successful completion of this call.

Parameters

	(Integer, modify)	
minor_status	Mechanism specific status	
	code.	
	(gss_cred_id_t, modify,	
	optional) Opaque handle	
	identifying credential to be	
cred handle	released. If	
cred_nandie	GSS_C_NO_CREDENTIAL	
	is supplied, the routine will	
	complete successfully, but	
	will do nothing.	

Returns

GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.

GSS_S_NO_CRED: Credentials could not be accessed.

gss_init_sec_context ()

Initiates the establishment of a security context between the application and a remote peer. Initially, the input_token parameter should be specified either as GSS_C_NO_BUFFER, or as a pointer to a gss_buffer_desc object whose length field contains the value zero. The routine may return a output_token which should be transferred to the peer application, where the peer application will present it to gss_accept_sec_context. If no token need be sent, gss_init_sec_context will indicate this by setting the length field of the output_token argument to zero. To complete the context establishment, one or more reply tokens may be required from the peer application; if so, gss_init_sec_context will return a status containing the supplementary information bit GSS_S_CONTINUE_NEEDED. In this case, gss_init_sec_context should be called again when the reply token is received from the peer application, passing the reply token to gss_init_sec_context via the input_token parameters.

Portable applications should be constructed to use the token length and return status to determine whether a token needs to be sent or waited for. Thus a typical portable caller should always invoke gss_init_sec_context within a loop:

Portable applications should be constructed to use the token length and return status to determine whether a token needs to be sent or waited for. Thus a typical portable caller should always invoke gss init sec context within a loop:

```
int context_established = 0; gss_ctx_id_t context_hdl = GSS_C_NO_CONTEXT; ... input_token->length = 0;
while (!context_established) { maj_stat = gss_init_sec_context(&min_stat, cred_hdl, &context_hdl, target_name, desired_mech,
    desired_services, desired_time, input_bindings, input_token, &actual_mech, output_token, &actual_services, &actual_time); if
    (GSS_ERROR(maj_stat)) { report_error(maj_stat, min_stat); };
if (output_token->length != 0) { send_token_to_peer(output_token); gss_release_buffer(&min_stat, output_token) }; if (GSS_ERROR(n)) {
    if (context_hdl != GSS_C_NO_CONTEXT) gss_delete_sec_context(&min_stat, &context_hdl, GSS_C_NO_BUFFER); break;
};
if (maj_stat & GSS_S_CONTINUE_NEEDED) { receive_token_from_peer(input_token); } else { context_established = 1; };
};
```

Whenever the routine returns a major status that includes the value GSS_S_CONTINUE_NEEDED, the context is not fully established and the following restrictions apply to the output parameters:

- The value returned via the time_rec parameter is undefined unless the accompanying ret_flags parameter contains the bit GSS_C_PROT_READY_FLAG, indicating that per-message services may be applied in advance of a successful completion status, the value returned via the actual_mech_type parameter is undefined until the routine returns a major status value of GSS_S_COMPLETE.
- The values of the GSS_C_DELEG_FLAG, GSS_C_MUTUAL_FLAG, GSS_C_REPLAY_FLAG, GSS_C_SEQUENCE_FLAG, GSS_C_CONF_FLAG, GSS_C_INTEG_FLAG and GSS_C_ANON_FLAG bits returned via the ret_flags parameter should contain the values that the implementation expects would be valid if context establishment were to succeed. In particular, if the application has requested a service such as delegation or anonymous authentication via the req_flags argument, and such a service is unavailable from the underlying mechanism, gss_init_sec_context should generate a token that will not provide the service, and indicate via the ret_flags argument that the service will not be supported. The application may choose to abort the context establishment by calling gss_delete_sec_context (if it cannot continue in the absence of the service), or it may choose to transmit the token and continue context establishment (if the service was merely desired but not mandatory).
- The values of the GSS_C_PROT_READY_FLAG and GSS_C_TRANS_FLAG bits within ret_flags should indicate the actual state at the time gss_init_sec_context returns, whether or not the context is fully established.
- GSS-API implementations that support per-message protection are encouraged to set the GSS_C_PROT_READY_FLAG in the final ret_flags returned to a caller (i.e. when accompanied by a GSS_S_COMPLETE status code). However, applications should not rely on this behavior as the flag was not defined in Version 1 of the GSS-API. Instead, applications should determine what per-message services are available after a successful context establishment according to the GSS_C_INTEG_FLAG and GSS_C_CONF_FLAG values.
- All other bits within the ret_flags argument should be set to zero.

If the initial call of <code>gss_init_sec_context()</code> fails, the implementation should not create a context object, and should leave the value of the context_handle parameter set to <code>GSS_C_NO_CONTEXT</code> to indicate this. In the event of a failure on a subsequent call, the implementation is permitted to delete the "half-built" security context (in which case it should set the context_handle parameter to <code>GSS_C_NO_CONTEXT</code>), but the preferred behavior is to leave the security context untouched for the application to delete (using <code>gss_delete_sec_context</code>).

During context establishment, the informational status bits GSS_S_OLD_TOKEN and GSS_S_DUPLICATE_TOKEN indicate fatal errors, and GSS-API mechanisms should always return them in association with a routine error of GSS_S_FAILURE. This requirement for pairing did not exist in version 1 of the GSS-API specification, so applications that wish to run over version 1 implementations must special-case these codes.

```
The req_flags values: GSS_C_DELEG_FLAG::
```

- True Delegate credentials to remote peer.
- False Don't delegate.

GSS_C_MUTUAL_FLAG::

- True Request that remote peer authenticate itself.
- False Authenticate self to remote peer only.

GSS_C_REPLAY_FLAG::

- True Enable replay detection for messages protected with gss_wrap or gss_get_mic.
- False Don't attempt to detect replayed messages.

GSS_C_SEQUENCE_FLAG::

- True Enable detection of out-of-sequence protected messages.
- False Don't attempt to detect out-of-sequence messages.

GSS_C_CONF_FLAG::

- True Request that confidentiality service be made available (via gss_wrap).
- False No per-message confidentiality service is required.

GSS_C_INTEG_FLAG::

- True Request that integrity service be made available (via gss_wrap or gss_get_mic).
- False No per-message integrity service is required.

GSS_C_ANON_FLAG::

- True Do not reveal the initiator's identity to the acceptor.
- False Authenticate normally.

The ret_flags values:

GSS_C_DELEG_FLAG::

- True Credentials were delegated to the remote peer.
- False No credentials were delegated.

GSS_C_MUTUAL_FLAG::

- True The remote peer has authenticated itself.
- False Remote peer has not authenticated itself.

GSS_C_REPLAY_FLAG::

- True replay of protected messages will be detected.
- False replayed messages will not be detected.

GSS_C_SEQUENCE_FLAG::

- True out-of-sequence protected messages will be detected.
- False out-of-sequence messages will not be detected.

GSS_C_CONF_FLAG::

- True Confidentiality service may be invoked by calling gss_wrap routine.
- False No confidentiality service (via gss_wrap) available. gss_wrap will provide message encapsulation, data-origin authentication and integrity services only.

GSS_C_INTEG_FLAG::

- True Integrity service may be invoked by calling either gss_get_mic or gss_wrap routines.
- False Per-message integrity service unavailable.

GSS C ANON FLAG::

- True The initiator's identity has not been revealed, and will not be revealed if any emitted token is passed to the acceptor.
- False The initiator's identity has been or will be authenticated normally.

GSS_C_PROT_READY_FLAG::

- True Protection services (as specified by the states of the GSS_C_CONF_FLAG and GSS_C_INTEG_FLAG) are available for use if the accompanying major status return value is either GSS_S_COMPLETE or GSS_S_CONTINUE_NEEDED.
- False Protection services (as specified by the states of the GSS_C_CONF_FLAG and GSS_C_INTEG_FLAG) are available only if the accompanying major status return value is GSS_S_COMPLETE.

GSS_C_TRANS_FLAG::

- True The resultant security context may be transferred to other processes via a call to gss_export_sec_context().
- False The security context is not transferable.

All other bits should be set to zero.

	(integer, modify)	
minor_status	Mechanism specific status	
	code.	
	(gss_cred_id_t, read,	
	optional) Handle for	
initiator_cred_handle	credentials claimed. Supply	
	GSS_C_NO_CREDENTIAL	
	to act as a default initiator	
	principal. If no default	
	initiator is defined, the	
	function will return	
	GSS_S_NO_CRED.	

	(gss_ctx_id_t, read/modify)	
	Context handle for new	
	context. Supply	
	GSS_C_NO_CONTEXT	
	for first call; use value	
	returned by first call in	
context_handle	continuation calls.	
	Resources associated with	
	this context-handle must be	
	released by the application	
	after use with a call to	
	gss_delete_sec_context().	
	(gss_name_t, read) Name	
target_name	of target.	
	(OID, read, optional)	
	Object ID of desired	
mech_type	mechanism. Supply	
_ 71	GSS_C_NO_OID to obtain	
	an implementation specific	
	default.	
	(bit-mask, read) Contains	
	various independent flags,	
	each of which requests that	
	the context support a	
	specific service option.	
	Symbolic names are	
req_flags	provided for each flag, and	
	the symbolic names	
	corresponding to the	
	required flags should be	
	logically-ORed together to	
	form the bit-mask value.	
	See below for the flags.	
	(Integer, read, optional)	
	Desired number of seconds	
	for which context should	
time_req	remain valid. Supply 0 to	
	request a default validity	
	period.	
	(channel bindings, read,	
	optional)	
	Application-specified	
	bindings. Allows	
1 . 1 . 1 .	application to securely bind	
input_chan_bindings	channel identification	
	information to the security	
	context. Specify	l marga
	GSS_C_NO_CHANNEL_BI	NDINGS
	if channel bindings are not	
	used.	

input_token	(buffer, opaque, read,
	optional) Token received
	from peer application.
	Supply
	GSS_C_NO_BUFFER, or a
	pointer to a buffer
	containing the value
	GSS_C_EMPTY_BUFFER
	on initial call.
	(OID, modify, optional)
	Actual mechanism used.
	The OID returned via this
	parameter will be a pointer
actual_mech_type	to static storage that should
• •	be treated as read-only; In
	particular the application
	should not attempt to free it.
	Specify NULL if not
	required.
	(buffer, opaque, modify)
	Token to be sent to peer
	application. If the length
	field of the returned buffer
output talean	is zero, no token need be
output_token	sent to the peer application.
	Storage associated with this
	buffer must be freed by the
	application after use with a
	call to gss_release_buffer().
	(bit-mask, modify, optional)
	Contains various
	independent flags, each of
	which indicates that the
	context supports a specific
	service option. Specify
	NULL if not required.
	Symbolic names are
not flore	
ret_flags	provided for each flag, and
	the symbolic names
	corresponding to the
	required flags should be
	logically-ANDed with the
	ret_flags value to test
	whether a given option is
	supported by the context.
	See below for the flags.
	(Integer, modify, optional)
	Number of seconds for
	which the context will
	remain valid. If the
tima rac	implementation does not
time_rec	support context expiration,
	the value
	GSS_C_INDEFINITE will
	be returned. Specify NULL
	if not required.
	· · · · · · · · · ·

GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.

GSS_S_CONTINUE_NEEDED: Indicates that a token from the peer application is required to complete the context, and that gss_init_sec_context must be called again with that token.

GSS_S_DEFECTIVE_TOKEN: Indicates that consistency checks performed on the input_token failed.

GSS_S_DEFECTIVE_CREDENTIAL: Indicates that consistency checks performed on the credential failed.

GSS_S_NO_CRED: The supplied credentials were not valid for context initiation, or the credential handle did not reference any credentials.

GSS_S_CREDENTIALS_EXPIRED: The referenced credentials have expired.

GSS_S_BAD_BINDINGS: The input_token contains different channel bindings to those specified via the input_chan_bindings parameter.

GSS_S_BAD_SIG: The input_token contains an invalid MIC, or a MIC that could not be verified.

GSS_S_OLD_TOKEN: The input_token was too old. This is a fatal error during context establishment.

GSS_S_DUPLICATE_TOKEN: The input_token is valid, but is a duplicate of a token already processed. This is a fatal error during context establishment.

GSS_S_NO_CONTEXT: Indicates that the supplied context handle did not refer to a valid context.

GSS_S_BAD_NAMETYPE: The provided target_name parameter contained an invalid or unsupported type of name.

GSS_S_BAD_NAME: The provided target_name parameter was ill-formed.

GSS_BAD_MECH: The specified mechanism is not supported by the provided credential, or is unrecognized by the implementation.

gss_accept_sec_context ()

Allows a remotely initiated security context between the application and a remote peer to be established. The routine may return a output_token which should be transferred to the peer application, where the peer application will present it to gss_init_sec_context. If no token need be sent, gss_accept_sec_context will indicate this by setting the length field of the output_token argument to zero. To complete the context establishment, one or more reply tokens may be required from the peer application; if so, gss_accept_sec_context will return a status flag of GSS_S_CONTINUE_NEEDED, in which case it should be called again when the reply token is received from the peer application, passing the token to gss_accept_sec_context via the input_token parameters.

Portable applications should be constructed to use the token length and return status to determine whether a token needs to be sent or waited for. Thus a typical portable caller should always invoke gss_accept_sec_context within a loop:

Portable applications should be constructed to use the token length and return status to determine whether a token needs to be sent or waited for. Thus a typical portable caller should always invoke gss_accept_sec_context within a loop:

```
gss_ctx_id_t context_hdl = GSS_C_NO_CONTEXT;
```

do { receive_token_from_peer(input_token); maj_stat = gss_accept_sec_context(&min_stat, &context_hdl, cred_hdl, input_token, input_bindings, &client_name, &mech_type, output_token, &ret_flags, &time_rec, &deleg_cred); if (GSS_ERROR(maj_stat)) { report_error(maj_stat, min_stat); }; if (output_token->length != 0) { send_token_to_peer(output_token);

gss_release_buffer(&min_stat, output_token); }; if (GSS_ERROR(maj_stat)) { if (context_hdl != GSS_C_NO_CONTEXT) gss_delete_sec_context(&min_stat, &context_hdl, GSS_C_NO_BUFFER); break; };

} while (maj_stat & GSS_S_CONTINUE_NEEDED);

Whenever the routine returns a major status that includes the value GSS_S_CONTINUE_NEEDED, the context is not fully established and the following restrictions apply to the output parameters:

The value returned via the time_rec parameter is undefined Unless the accompanying ret_flags parameter contains the bit GSS_C_PROT_READY_FLAG, indicating that per-message services may be applied in advance of a successful completion status, the value returned via the mech_type parameter may be undefined until the routine returns a major status value of GSS_S_COMPLETE.

The values of the GSS_C_DELEG_FLAG, GSS_C_MUTUAL_FLAG,GSS_C_REPLAY_FLAG, GSS_C_SEQUENCE_FLAG, GSS_C_CONF_FLAG,GSS_C_INTEG_FLAG and GSS_C_ANON_FLAG bits returned via the ret_flags parameter should contain the values that the implementation expects would be valid if context establishment were to succeed.

The values of the GSS_C_PROT_READY_FLAG and GSS_C_TRANS_FLAG bits within ret_flags should indicate the actual state at the time gss_accept_sec_context returns, whether or not the context is fully established.

Although this requires that GSS-API implementations set the GSS_C_PROT_READY_FLAG in the final ret_flags returned to a caller (i.e. when accompanied by a GSS_S_COMPLETE status code), applications should not rely on this behavior as the flag was not defined in Version 1 of the GSS-API. Instead, applications should be prepared to use per-message services after a successful context establishment, according to the GSS_C_INTEG_FLAG and GSS_C_CONF_FLAG values.

All other bits within the ret_flags argument should be set to zero. While the routine returns GSS_S_CONTINUE_NEEDED, the values returned via the ret_flags argument indicate the services that the implementation expects to be available from the established context.

If the initial call of gss_accept_sec_context() fails, the implementation should not create a context object, and should leave the value of the context_handle parameter set to GSS_C_NO_CONTEXT to indicate this. In the event of a failure on a subsequent call, the implementation is permitted to delete the "half-built" security context (in which case it should set the context_handle parameter to GSS_C_NO_CONTEXT), but the preferred behavior is to leave the security context (and the context_handle parameter) untouched for the application to delete (using gss_delete_sec_context).

During context establishment, the informational status bits GSS_S_OLD_TOKEN and GSS_S_DUPLICATE_TOKEN indicate fatal errors, and GSS-API mechanisms should always return them in association with a routine error of GSS_S_FAILURE. This requirement for pairing did not exist in version 1 of the GSS-API specification, so applications that wish to run over version 1 implementations must special-case these codes.

```
The ret_flags values:
GSS C DELEG FLAG::
```

- True Delegated credentials are available via the delegated_cred_handle parameter.
- False No credentials were delegated.

```
GSS_C_MUTUAL_FLAG::
```

- True Remote peer asked for mutual authentication.
- False Remote peer did not ask for mutual authentication.

GSS_C_REPLAY_FLAG::

- True replay of protected messages will be detected.
- False replayed messages will not be detected.

GSS_C_SEQUENCE_FLAG::

- True out-of-sequence protected messages will be detected.
- False out-of-sequence messages will not be detected.

GSS_C_CONF_FLAG::

- True Confidentiality service may be invoked by calling the gss_wrap routine.
- False No confidentiality service (via gss_wrap) available. gss_wrap will provide message encapsulation, data-origin authentication and integrity services only.

GSS C INTEG FLAG::

- True Integrity service may be invoked by calling either gss_get_mic or gss_wrap routines.
- False Per-message integrity service unavailable.

GSS_C_ANON_FLAG::

- True The initiator does not wish to be authenticated; the src_name parameter (if requested) contains an anonymous internal name
- False The initiator has been authenticated normally.

GSS_C_PROT_READY_FLAG::

- True Protection services (as specified by the states of the GSS_C_CONF_FLAG and GSS_C_INTEG_FLAG) are available if the accompanying major status return value is either GSS_S_COMPLETE or GSS_S_CONTINUE_NEEDED.
- False Protection services (as specified by the states of the GSS_C_CONF_FLAG and GSS_C_INTEG_FLAG) are available only if the accompanying major status return value is GSS_S_COMPLETE.

GSS_C_TRANS_FLAG::

- True The resultant security context may be transferred to other processes via a call to gss_export_sec_context().
- False The security context is not transferable.

All other bits should be set to zero.

	[(Tarter on 1°C)	
	(Integer, modify)	
minor_status	Mechanism specific status	
	code.	
	(gss_ctx_id_t, read/modify)	
	Context handle for new	
	context. Supply	
	GSS_C_NO_CONTEXT	
	for first call; use value	
	returned in subsequent	
	calls. Once	
context_handle	gss_accept_sec_context()	
context_nancie	has returned a value via this	
	parameter, resources have	
	been assigned to the	
	corresponding context, and	
	must be freed by the	
	application after use with a	
	call to	
	gss_delete_sec_context().	
	(gss_cred_id_t, read)	
	Credential handle claimed	
	by context acceptor. Specify	
	GSS_C_NO_CREDENTIAL	
	to accept the context as a	
	default principal. If	
acceptor_cred_handle	GSS_C_NO_CREDENTIAL	
	is specified, but no default	
	acceptor principal is	
	defined,	
	GSS_S_NO_CRED will be	
	returned.	
	(buffer, opaque, read)	
input_token_buffer	Token obtained from	
_	remote application.	
	(channel bindings, read,	
	optional) Application-	
	specified bindings. Allows	
	application to securely bind	
input_chan_bindings	channel identification	
. – – C	information to the security	
	context. If channel bindings	
	are not used, specify	
	GSS_C_NO_CHANNEL_BINDIN	IGS.
	(gss_name_t, modify,	
	optional) Authenticated	
	name of context initiator.	
ana nama	After use, this name should	
src_name	be deallocated by passing it	
	to gss_release_name(). If	
	not required, specify	
	NULL.	

	Object ID, modify,
	optional) Security
	mechanism used. The
	returned OID value will be
	a pointer into static storage,
mech_type	and should be treated as
	read-only by the caller (in
	particular, it does not need
	to be freed). If not required,
	specify NULL.
	(buffer, opaque, modify)
	Token to be passed to peer
	application. If the length
	field of the returned token
	buffer is 0, then no token
	need be passed to the peer
output_token	application. If a non- zero
	length field is returned, the
	associated storage must be
	freed after use by the
	application with a call to
	gss_release_buffer().
	(bit-mask, modify, optional)
	Contains various
	independent flags, each of
	which indicates that the
	context supports a specific
	service option. If not
	needed, specify NULL.
	Symbolic names are
ret_flags	provided for each flag, and
ret_nags	the symbolic names
	corresponding to the
	required flags should be
	logically-ANDed with the
	ret_flags value to test
	whether a given option is
	supported by the context.
	See below for the flags.
	(Integer, modify, optional)
	Number of seconds for
time_rec	which the context will
unie_rec	remain valid. Specify
	NULL if not required.
	TODE II not required.

delegated_cred_handle

(gss_cred_id_t, modify, optional credential) Handle for credentials received from context initiator. Only valid if deleg_flag in ret_flags is true, in which case an explicit credential handle (i.e. not GSS_C_NO_CREDENTIAL will be returned; if deleg_flag is false, gss_accept_sec_context() will set this parameter to GSS C NO CREDENTIAL If a credential handle is returned, the associated resources must be released by the application after use with a call to gss_release_cred(). Specify NULL if not required.

Returns

GSS_S_CONTINUE_NEEDED: Indicates that a token from the peer application is required to complete the context, and that gss_accept_sec_context must be called again with that token.

GSS_S_DEFECTIVE_TOKEN: Indicates that consistency checks performed on the input_token failed.

GSS_S_DEFECTIVE_CREDENTIAL: Indicates that consistency checks performed on the credential failed.

GSS_S_NO_CRED: The supplied credentials were not valid for context acceptance, or the credential handle did not reference any credentials.

GSS S CREDENTIALS EXPIRED: The referenced credentials have expired.

GSS_S_BAD_BINDINGS: The input_token contains different channel bindings to those specified via the input_chan_bindings parameter.

GSS_S_NO_CONTEXT: Indicates that the supplied context handle did not refer to a valid context.

GSS_S_BAD_SIG: The input_token contains an invalid MIC.

GSS_S_OLD_TOKEN: The input_token was too old. This is a fatal error during context establishment.

GSS_S_DUPLICATE_TOKEN: The input_token is valid, but is a duplicate of a token already processed. This is a fatal error during context establishment.

GSS_S_BAD_MECH: The received token specified a mechanism that is not supported by the implementation or the provided credential.

gss_process_context_token ()

Provides a way to pass an asynchronous token to the security service. Most context-level tokens are emitted and processed synchronously by gss_init_sec_context and gss_accept_sec_context, and the application is informed as to whether further tokens are expected by the GSS_C_CONTINUE_NEEDED major status bit. Occasionally, a mechanism may need to emit a context-level token at a point when the peer entity is not expecting a token. For example, the initiator's final call to gss_init_sec_context

may emit a token and return a status of GSS_S_COMPLETE, but the acceptor's call to gss_accept_sec_context may fail. The acceptor's mechanism may wish to send a token containing an error indication to the initiator, but the initiator is not expecting a token at this point, believing that the context is fully established. Gss_process_context_token provides a way to pass such a token to the mechanism at any time.

Parameters

	(Integer, modify)	
minor_status	Implementation specific	
	status code.	
	(gss_ctx_id_t, read)	
context_handle	Context handle of context	
	on which token is to be	
	processed	
tokan huffar	(buffer, opaque, read)	
token_buffer	Token to process.	

Returns

GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.

GSS_S_DEFECTIVE_TOKEN: Indicates that consistency checks performed on the token failed.

GSS_S_NO_CONTEXT: The context_handle did not refer to a valid context.

gss delete sec context ()

Delete a security context. gss_delete_sec_context will delete the local data structures associated with the specified security context, and may generate an output_token, which when passed to the peer gss_process_context_token will instruct it to do likewise. If no token is required by the mechanism, the GSS-API should set the length field of the output_token (if provided) to zero. No further security services may be obtained using the context specified by context_handle.

In addition to deleting established security contexts, gss_delete_sec_context must also be able to delete "half-built" security contexts resulting from an incomplete sequence of gss_init_sec_context()/gss_accept_sec_context() calls.

The output_token parameter is retained for compatibility with version 1 of the GSS-API. It is recommended that both peer applications invoke gss_delete_sec_context passing the value GSS_C_NO_BUFFER for the output_token parameter, indicating that no token is required, and that gss_delete_sec_context should simply delete local context data structures. If the application does pass a valid buffer to gss_delete_sec_context, mechanisms are encouraged to return a zero-length token, indicating that no peer action is necessary, and that no token should be transferred by the application.

	(Integer, modify)	
minor_status	Mechanism specific status	
	code.	
	(gss_ctx_id_t, modify)	
	Context handle identifying	
	context to delete. After	
context_handle	deleting the context, the	
	GSS-API will set this	
	context handle to	
	GSS_C_NO_CONTEXT.	

	(buffer, opaque, modify,
	optional) Token to be sent
	to remote application to
	instruct it to also delete the
	context. It is recommended
	that applications specify
	GSS_C_NO_BUFFER for
	this parameter, requesting
	local deletion only. If a
output_token	buffer parameter is
_	provided by the application,
	the mechanism may return
	a token in it; mechanisms
	that implement only local
	deletion should set the
	length field of this token to
	zero to indicate to the
	application that no token is
	to be sent to the peer.

 ${\tt GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful \ completion.}$

GSS_S_NO_CONTEXT: No valid context was supplied.

gss_context_time ()

Determines the number of seconds for which the specified context will remain valid.

Parameters

	(Integer, modify)	
minor_status	Implementation specific	
	status code.	
	(gss_ctx_id_t, read)	
context_handle	Identifies the context to be	
	interrogated.	
	(Integer, modify) Number	
	of seconds that the context	
time_rec	will remain valid. If the	
	context has already expired,	
	zero will be returned.	
time_rec	of seconds that the context will remain valid. If the context has already expired,	

Returns

GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.

GSS_S_CONTEXT_EXPIRED: The context has already expired.

GSS_S_NO_CONTEXT: The context_handle parameter did not identify a valid context

gss_get_mic ()

Generates a cryptographic MIC for the supplied message, and places the MIC in a token for transfer to the peer application. The qop_req parameter allows a choice between several cryptographic algorithms, if supported by the chosen mechanism.

Since some application-level protocols may wish to use tokens emitted by gss_wrap()) to provide "secure framing", implementations must support derivation of MICs from zero-length messages.

Parameters

minor_status Mechanism specific status code. (gss_ctx_id_t, read) Identifies the context on which the message will be sent. (gss_qop_t, read, optional) Specifies requested quality of protection. Callers are		(Integer, modify)
context_handle (gss_ctx_id_t, read) Identifies the context on which the message will be sent. (gss_qop_t, read, optional) Specifies requested quality of protection. Callers are	minor_status	Mechanism specific status
Identifies the context on which the message will be sent. (gss_qop_t, read, optional) Specifies requested quality of protection. Callers are		code.
which the message will be sent. (gss_qop_t, read, optional) Specifies requested quality of protection. Callers are		(gss_ctx_id_t, read)
which the message will be sent. (gss_qop_t, read, optional) Specifies requested quality of protection. Callers are		Identifies the context on
(gss_qop_t, read, optional) Specifies requested quality of protection. Callers are	context_nancie	which the message will be
Specifies requested quality of protection. Callers are		sent.
of protection. Callers are		(gss_qop_t, read, optional)
		Specifies requested quality
		of protection. Callers are
encouraged, on portability		encouraged, on portability
grounds, to accept the		grounds, to accept the
default quality of protection		default quality of protection
offered by the chosen		offered by the chosen
mechanism, which may be		mechanism, which may be
qop_req requested by specifying	qop_req	requested by specifying
GSS_C_QOP_DEFAULT		GSS_C_QOP_DEFAULT
for this parameter. If an		for this parameter. If an
unsupported protection		
strength is requested,		
gss_get_mic will return a		
major_status of		
GSS_S_BAD_QOP.		
(buffer, opaque, read)	1 66	(buffer, opaque, read)
message_buffer Message to be protected.	message_burier	Message to be protected.
(buffer, opaque, modify)		(buffer, opaque, modify)
Buffer to receive token. The		Buffer to receive token. The
application must free	massaga takan	application must free
message_token storage associated with this	message_token	storage associated with this
buffer after use with a call		buffer after use with a call
to gss_release_buffer().		to gss_release_buffer().

Returns

```
GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.

GSS_S_CONTEXT_EXPIRED: The context has already expired.

GSS_S_NO_CONTEXT: The context_handle parameter did not identify a valid context.

GSS_S_BAD_QOP: The specified QOP is not supported by the mechanism.
```

gss_verify_mic ()

Verifies that a cryptographic MIC, contained in the token parameter, fits the supplied message. The qop_state parameter allows a message recipient to determine the strength of protection that was applied to the message.

Since some application-level protocols may wish to use tokens emitted by gss_wrap()) to provide "secure framing", implementations must support the calculation and verification of MICs over zero-length messages.

Parameters

minor status	(Integer, modify) Mechanism specific status	
	code.	
	(gss_ctx_id_t, read)	
context_handle	Identifies the context on	
	which the message arrived.	
massaga buffar	(buffer, opaque, read)	
message_buffer	Message to be verified.	
	(buffer, opaque, read)	
token_buffer	Token associated with	
	message.	
	(gss_qop_t, modify,	
qop_state	optional) Quality of	
	protection gained from MIC	
	Specify NULL if not	
	required.	

Returns

GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.

GSS_S_DEFECTIVE_TOKEN: The token failed consistency checks.

GSS_S_BAD_SIG: The MIC was incorrect.

GSS_S_DUPLICATE_TOKEN: The token was valid, and contained a correct MIC for the message, but it had already been processed.

GSS_S_OLD_TOKEN: The token was valid, and contained a correct MIC for the message, but it is too old to check for duplication.

GSS_S_UNSEQ_TOKEN: The token was valid, and contained a correct MIC for the message, but has been verified out of sequence; a later token has already been received.

GSS_S_GAP_TOKEN: The token was valid, and contained a correct MIC for the message, but has been verified out of sequence; an earlier expected token has not yet been received.

GSS_S_CONTEXT_EXPIRED: The context has already expired.

GSS_S_NO_CONTEXT: The context_handle parameter did not identify a valid context.

gss_wrap ()

Attaches a cryptographic MIC and optionally encrypts the specified input_message. The output_message contains both the MIC and the message. The qop_req parameter allows a choice between several cryptographic algorithms, if supported by the chosen mechanism.

Since some application-level protocols may wish to use tokens emitted by gss_wrap() to provide "secure framing", implementations must support the wrapping of zero-length messages.

	(Integer, modify)
minor_status	Mechanism specific status
	code.
	(gss_ctx_id_t, read)
contant handle	Identifies the context on
context_handle	which the message will be
	sent.
	(boolean, read) Non-zero -
	Both confidentiality and
£	integrity services are
conf_req_flag	requested. Zero - Only
	integrity service is
	requested.
	(gss_qop_t, read, optional)
	Specifies required quality of
	protection. A
	mechanism-specific default
	may be requested by setting
	qop_req to
qop_req	GSS_C_QOP_DEFAULT.
	If an unsupported
	protection strength is
	requested, gss_wrap will
	return a major_status of
	GSS_S_BAD_QOP.
innut massage buffer	(buffer, opaque, read)
input_message_buffer	Message to be protected.
	(boolean, modify, optional)
	Non-zero - Confidentiality,
	data origin authentication
	and integrity services have
conf_state	been applied. Zero -
	Integrity and data origin
	services only has been
	applied. Specify NULL if
	not required.

	(buffer, opaque, modify)
	Buffer to receive protected
	message. Storage
output massage buffer	associated with this
output_message_buffer	message must be freed by
	the application after use
	with a call to
	gss_release_buffer().

```
GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.

GSS_S_CONTEXT_EXPIRED: The context has already expired.

GSS_S_NO_CONTEXT: The context_handle parameter did not identify a valid context.

GSS_S_BAD_QOP: The specified QOP is not supported by the mechanism.
```

gss_unwrap ()

Converts a message previously protected by gss_wrap back to a usable form, verifying the embedded MIC. The conf_state parameter indicates whether the message was encrypted; the qop_state parameter indicates the strength of protection that was used to provide the confidentiality and integrity services.

Since some application-level protocols may wish to use tokens emitted by gss_wrap()) to provide "secure framing", implementations must support the wrapping and unwrapping of zero-length messages.

	(Integer, modify)
minor_status	Mechanism specific status
	code.
	(gss_ctx_id_t, read)
context_handle	Identifies the context on
	which the message arrived.
input_message_buffer	(buffer, opaque, read)
mput_message_burier	Protected message.
	(buffer, opaque, modify)
	Buffer to receive
	unwrapped message.
output_message_buffer	Storage associated with this
	buffer must be freed by the
	application after use use
	with a call to
	gss_release_buffer().

conf_state	(boolean, modify, optional) Non-zero - Confidentiality and integrity protection were used. Zero - Integrity service only was used. Specify NULL if not required.	
qop_state	(gss_qop_t, modify, optional) Quality of protection provided. Specify NULL if not required.	

GSS S COMPLETE: Successful completion.

GSS_S_DEFECTIVE_TOKEN: The token failed consistency checks.

GSS_S_BAD_SIG: The MIC was incorrect.

GSS_S_DUPLICATE_TOKEN: The token was valid, and contained a correct MIC for the message, but it had already been processed.

GSS_S_OLD_TOKEN: The token was valid, and contained a correct MIC for the message, but it is too old to check for duplication.

GSS_S_UNSEQ_TOKEN: The token was valid, and contained a correct MIC for the message, but has been verified out of sequence; a later token has already been received.

GSS_S_GAP_TOKEN: The token was valid, and contained a correct MIC for the message, but has been verified out of sequence; an earlier expected token has not yet been received.

GSS_S_CONTEXT_EXPIRED: The context has already expired.

GSS_S_NO_CONTEXT: The context_handle parameter did not identify a valid context.

gss_display_status ()

Allows an application to obtain a textual representation of a GSS-API status code, for display to the user or for logging purposes. Since some status values may indicate multiple conditions, applications may need to call gss_display_status multiple times, each call generating a single text string. The message_context parameter is used by gss_display_status to store state information about which error messages have already been extracted from a given status_value; message_context must be initialized to 0 by the application prior to the first call, and gss_display_status will return a non-zero value in this parameter if there are further messages to extract.

The message_context parameter contains all state information required by gss_display_status in order to extract further messages from the status_value; even when a non-zero value is returned in this parameter, the application is not required to call gss_display_status again unless subsequent messages are desired. The following code extracts all messages from a given status code and prints them to stderr:

The message_context parameter contains all state information required by gss_display_status in order to extract further messages from the status_value; even when a non-zero value is returned in this parameter, the application is not required to call gss_display_status again unless subsequent messages are desired. The following code extracts all messages from a given status code and prints them to stderr:

OM_uint32 message_context; OM_uint32 status_code; OM_uint32 maj_status; OM_uint32 min_status; gss_buffer_desc status_string;

•••

 $message_context = 0;$

do { maj_status = gss_display_status (&min_status, status_code, GSS_C_GSS_CODE, GSS_C_NO_OID, &message_context, &status_string)

fprintf(stderr, "%.*s\n", (int)status_string.length,

(char *)status string.value);

gss_release_buffer(&min_status, &status_string);

} while (message_context != 0);

	(integer, modify)
minor_status	Mechanism specific status
	code.
status value	(Integer, read) Status value
status_value	to be converted.
	(Integer, read)
	GSS_C_GSS_CODE -
	status_value is a GSS status
status_type	code.
	GSS_C_MECH_CODE -
	status_value is a
	mechanism status code.
	(Object ID, read, optional)
	Underlying mechanism
mach tyma	(used to interpret a minor
mech_type	status value). Supply
	GSS_C_NO_OID to obtain
	the system default.
	(Integer, read/modify)
	Should be initialized to zero
	by the application prior to
	the first call. On return
	from gss_display_status(), a
	non-zero status_value
	parameter indicates that
message_context	additional messages may be
	extracted from the status
	code via subsequent calls to
	gss_display_status(),
	passing the same
	status_value, status_type,
	mech_type, and
	message_context
	parameters.
	·

status_string	(buffer, character string, modify) Textual interpretation of the status_value. Storage associated with this parameter must be freed by the application after use with a call to
	with a call to gss_release_buffer().

GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.

GSS_S_BAD_MECH: Indicates that translation in accordance with an unsupported mechanism type was requested.

GSS_S_BAD_STATUS: The status value was not recognized, or the status type was neither GSS_C_GSS_CODE nor GSS_C_MECH_C

gss_indicate_mechs ()

Allows an application to determine which underlying security mechanisms are available.

Parameters

	(integer, modify)	
minor_status	Mechanism specific status	
	code.	
	(set of Object IDs, modify)	
	Set of	
	implementation-supported	
	mechanisms. The returned	
mech_set	gss_OID_set value will be a	
meen_set	dynamically-allocated OID	
	set, that should be released	
	by the caller after use with a	
	call to	
	gss_release_oid_set().	

Returns

GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.

gss_compare_name ()

Allows an application to compare two internal-form names to determine whether they refer to the same entity.

If either name presented to gss_compare_name denotes an anonymous principal, the routines should indicate that the two names do not refer to the same identity.

Parameters

	(Integer, modify)	
minor_status	Mechanism specific status	
	code.	
name1	(gss_name_t, read)	
name i	Internal-form name.	
name2	(gss_name_t, read)	
namez	Internal-form name.	
	(boolean, modify) Non-zero	
	- names refer to same entity.	
nome equal	Zero - names refer to	
name_equal	different entities (strictly,	
	the names are not known to	
	refer to the same identity).	

Returns

 ${\tt GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful \ completion.}$

GSS_S_BAD_NAMETYPE: The two names were of incomparable types.

GSS S BAD NAME: One or both of name1 or name2 was ill-formed.

gss_display_name ()

Allows an application to obtain a textual representation of an opaque internal-form name for display purposes. The syntax of a printable name is defined by the GSS-API implementation.

If input_name denotes an anonymous principal, the implementation should return the gss_OID value GSS_C_NT_ANONYMOUS as the output_name_type, and a textual name that is syntactically distinct from all valid supported printable names in output_name_buffer.

If input_name was created by a call to gss_import_name, specifying GSS_C_NO_OID as the name-type, implementations that employ lazy conversion between name types may return GSS_C_NO_OID via the output_name_type parameter.

	(Integer, modify)	
minor_status	Mechanism specific status	
	code.	
input nome	(gss_name_t, read) Name to	
input_name	be displayed.	

output_name_buffer	(buffer, character-string, modify) Buffer to receive textual name string. The application must free storage associated with this name after use with a call to gss_release_buffer().
output_name_type	(Object ID, modify, optional) The type of the returned name. The returned gss_OID will be a pointer into static storage, and should be treated as read-only by the caller (in particular, the application should not attempt to free it). Specify NULL if not required.

 ${\tt GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful\ completion.}$

GSS_S_BAD_NAME: input_name was ill-formed.

gss_import_name ()

Convert a contiguous string name to internal form. In general, the internal name returned (via the <code>output_name</code> parameter) will not be an MN; the exception to this is if the <code>input_name_type</code> indicates that the contiguous string provided via the <code>input_name_buffer</code> parameter is of type GSS_C_NT_EXPORT_NAME, in which case the returned internal name will be an MN for the mechanism that exported the name.

	(Integer, modify)	
minor_status	Mechanism specific status	
	code.	
	(buffer, octet-string, read)	
input_name_buffer	Buffer containing	
	contiguous string name to	
	convert.	

input_name_type	(Object ID, read, optional) Object ID specifying type of printable name. Applications may specify either GSS_C_NO_OID to use a mechanism-specific default printable syntax, or an OID recognized by the GSS-API implementation to name a specific namespace.
output_name	(gss_name_t, modify) Returned name in internal form. Storage associated with this name must be freed by the application after use with a call to gss_release_name().

GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.

GSS_S_BAD_NAMETYPE: The input_name_type was unrecognized.

GSS_S_BAD_NAME: The input_name parameter could not be interpreted as a name of the specified type.

GSS_S_BAD_MECH: The input name-type was GSS_C_NT_EXPORT_NAME, but the mechanism contained within the input-name is not supported.

gss_export_name ()

To produce a canonical contiguous string representation of a mechanism name (MN), suitable for direct comparison (e.g. with memcmp) for use in authorization functions (e.g. matching entries in an access-control list). The <code>input_name</code> parameter must specify a valid MN (i.e. an internal name generated by <code>gss_accept_sec_context()</code> or by <code>gss_canonicalize_name()</code>).

	(Integer, modify)	
minor_status	Mechanism specific status	
	code.	
input nama	(gss_name_t, read) The MN	
input_name	to be exported.	
	(gss_buffer_t, octet-string,	
	modify) The canonical	
	contiguous string form of	
exported_name	input_name. Storage	
exported_name	associated with this string	
	must freed by the	
	application after use with	
	gss_release_buffer().	

GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.

GSS_S_NAME_NOT_MN: The provided internal name was not a mechanism name.

GSS_S_BAD_NAME: The provided internal name was ill-formed.

GSS_S_BAD_NAMETYPE: The internal name was of a type not supported by the GSS-API implementation.

gss_release_name ()

Free GSSAPI-allocated storage associated with an internal-form name. The name is set to GSS_C_NO_NAME on successful completion of this call.

Parameters

minor_status	(Integer, modify) Mechanism specific status code.	
name	(gss_name_t, modify) The name to be deleted.	

Returns

GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.

GSS_S_BAD_NAME: The name parameter did not contain a valid name.

gss_release_buffer ()

Free storage associated with a buffer. The storage must have been allocated by a GSS-API routine. In addition to freeing the associated storage, the routine will zero the length field in the descriptor to which the buffer parameter refers, and implementations are encouraged to additionally set the pointer field in the descriptor to NULL. Any buffer object returned by a GSS-API routine may be passed to gss_release_buffer (even if there is no storage associated with the buffer).

minor_status	(integer, modify)
	Mechanism specific status
	code.
buffer	(buffer, modify) The
	storage associated with the
	buffer will be deleted. The
	gss_buffer_desc object will
	not be freed, but its length
	field will be zeroed.

GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.

gss_release_oid_set()

Free storage associated with a GSSAPI-generated gss_OID_set object. The set parameter must refer to an OID-set that was returned from a GSS-API routine. gss_release_oid_set() will free the storage associated with each individual member OID, the OID set's elements array, and the gss_OID_set_desc.

The gss_OID_set parameter is set to GSS_C_NO_OID_SET on successful completion of this routine.

Parameters

	(integer, modify)	
minor_status	Mechanism specific status	
	code.	
set	(Set of Object IDs, modify)	
	The storage associated with	
	the gss_OID_set will be	
	deleted.	

Returns

GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.

gss_inquire_cred ()

Obtains information about a credential.

minor_status	(integer, modify) Mechanism specific status code.	
cred_handle	(gss_cred_id_t, read) A handle that refers to the target credential. Specify GSS_C_NO_CREDENTIAL to inquire about the default initiator principal.	

name	(gss_name_t, modify, optional) The name whose identity the credential asserts. Storage associated with this name should be freed by the application after use with a call to gss_release_name(). Specify NULL if not required.	
lifetime	(Integer, modify, optional) The number of seconds for which the credential will remain valid. If the credential has expired, this parameter will be set to zero. If the implementation does not support credential expiration, the value GSS_C_INDEFINITE will be returned. Specify NULL if not required.	
cred_usage	(gss_cred_usage_t, modify, optional) How the credential may be used. One of the following: GSS_C_INITIATE, GSS_C_ACCEPT, GSS_C_BOTH. Specify NULL if not required.	
mechanisms	(gss_OID_set, modify, optional) Set of mechanisms supported by the credential. Storage associated with this OID set must be freed by the application after use with a call to gss_release_oid_set(). Specify NULL if not required.	

GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.

 ${\tt GSS_S_NO_CRED}.$ The referenced credentials could not be accessed.

 ${\tt GSS_S_DEFECTIVE_CREDENTIAL:} \ \ \textbf{The referenced credentials were invalid.}$

 ${\tt GSS_S_CREDENTIALS_EXPIRED:} \label{thm:special} \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{The referenced credentials have expired.} & \textbf{If the lifetime parameter was not passed as NULL, it will be set to 0.} \end{tabular}$

gss_inquire_context ()

```
gss_name_t *src_name,
gss_name_t *targ_name,
OM_uint32 *lifetime_rec,
gss_OID *mech_type,
OM_uint32 *ctx_flags,
int *locally_initiated,
int *open);
```

Obtains information about a security context. The caller must already have obtained a handle that refers to the context, although the context need not be fully established.

The ctx_flags values:

GSS_C_DELEG_FLAG::

- True Credentials were delegated from the initiator to the acceptor.
- False No credentials were delegated.

GSS_C_MUTUAL_FLAG::

- True The acceptor was authenticated to the initiator.
- False The acceptor did not authenticate itself.

GSS_C_REPLAY_FLAG::

- True replay of protected messages will be detected.
- False replayed messages will not be detected.

GSS_C_SEQUENCE_FLAG::

- True out-of-sequence protected messages will be detected.
- False out-of-sequence messages will not be detected.

GSS_C_CONF_FLAG::

- True Confidentiality service may be invoked by calling gss_wrap routine.
- False No confidentiality service (via gss_wrap) available. gss_wrap will provide message encapsulation, data-origin authentication and integrity services only.

GSS_C_INTEG_FLAG::

- True Integrity service may be invoked by calling either gss_get_mic or gss_wrap routines.
- False Per-message integrity service unavailable.

GSS_C_ANON_FLAG::

- True The initiator's identity will not be revealed to the acceptor. The src_name parameter (if requested) contains an anonymous internal name.
- False The initiator has been authenticated normally.

GSS_C_PROT_READY_FLAG::

- True Protection services (as specified by the states of the GSS_C_CONF_FLAG and GSS_C_INTEG_FLAG) are available for use.
- False Protection services (as specified by the states of the GSS_C_CONF_FLAG and GSS_C_INTEG_FLAG) are available only if the context is fully established (i.e. if the open parameter is non-zero).

GSS_C_TRANS_FLAG::

- True The resultant security context may be transferred to other processes via a call to gss_export_sec_context().
- False The security context is not transferable.

	(Integer, modify)
minor_status	Mechanism specific status
	code.
	(gss_ctx_id_t, read) A
context_handle	handle that refers to the
	security context.
	(gss_name_t, modify,
	optional) The name of the
	context initiator. If the
	context was established
	using anonymous
	authentication, and if the
	application invoking
	gss_inquire_context is the
src_name	context acceptor, an
	anonymous name will be
	returned. Storage
	associated with this name
	must be freed by the
	application after use with a
	call to gss_release_name().
	Specify NULL if not
	required.
	(gss_name_t, modify,
	optional) The name of the
	context acceptor. Storage
	associated with this name
	must be freed by the
	application after use with a
	call to gss_release_name().
targ_name	If the context acceptor did
targ_name	not authenticate itself, and
	if the initiator did not
	specify a target name in its
	call to
	gss_init_sec_context(), the
	value GSS_C_NO_NAME
	will be returned. Specify
	NULL if not required.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

lifetime_rec	(Integer, modify, optional)
	The number of seconds for
	which the context will
	remain valid. If the context
	has expired, this parameter
	will be set to zero. If the
	implementation does not
	support context expiration,
	the value
	GSS_C_INDEFINITE will
	be returned. Specify NULL
	if not required.
	(gss_OID, modify,
	optional) The security
	mechanism providing the
	context. The returned OID
	will be a pointer to static
mach type	
mech_type	storage that should be
	treated as read-only by the
	application; in particular the
	application should not
	attempt to free it. Specify
	NULL if not required.
	(bit-mask, modify, optional)
	Contains various
	independent flags, each of
	which indicates that the
	context supports (or is
	expected to support, if
	ctx_open is false) a specific
	service option. If not
-	needed, specify NULL.
ctx_flags	Symbolic names are
	provided for each flag, and
	the symbolic names
	corresponding to the
	required flags should be
	logically-ANDed with the
	ret_flags value to test
	whether a given option is
	supported by the context.
	See below for the flags.
	(Boolean, modify)
locally_initiated	Non-zero if the invoking
	application is the context
	initiator. Specify NULL if
	not required.
	(Boolean, modify)
	Non-zero if the context is
	fully established; Zero if a
open	context-establishment token
	is expected from the peer
	application. Specify NULL
	if not required.

GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.

GSS_S_NO_CONTEXT: The referenced context could not be accessed.

gss_wrap_size_limit ()

Allows an application to determine the maximum message size that, if presented to gss_wrap with the same conf_req_flag and qop_req parameters, will result in an output token containing no more than req_output_size bytes.

This call is intended for use by applications that communicate over protocols that impose a maximum message size. It enables the application to fragment messages prior to applying protection.

GSS-API implementations are recommended but not required to detect invalid QOP values when gss_wrap_size_limit() is called. This routine guarantees only a maximum message size, not the availability of specific QOP values for message protection.

Successful completion of this call does not guarantee that gss_wrap will be able to protect a message of length max_input_size bytes, since this ability may depend on the availability of system resources at the time that gss_wrap is called. However, if the implementation itself imposes an upper limit on the length of messages that may be processed by gss_wrap, the implementation should not return a value via max_input_bytes that is greater than this length.

minor_status	(Integer, modify)	
	Mechanism specific status	
	code.	
	(gss_ctx_id_t, read) A	
context_handle	handle that refers to the	
context_nancie	security over which the	
	messages will be sent.	
	(Boolean, read) Indicates	
	whether gss_wrap will be	
	asked to apply	
conf_req_flag	confidentiality protection in	
com_req_mag	addition to integrity	
	protection. See the routine	
	description for gss_wrap for	
	more details.	
	(gss_qop_t, read) Indicates	
	the level of protection that	
aon raa	gss_wrap will be asked to	
qop_req	provide. See the routine	
	description for gss_wrap for	
	more details.	
req_output_size	(Integer, read) The desired	
	maximum size for tokens	
	emitted by gss_wrap.	

max_input_size

(Integer, modify) The maximum input message size that may be presented to gss_wrap in order to guarantee that the emitted token shall be no larger than req_output_size bytes.

Returns

```
GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.

GSS_S_NO_CONTEXT: The referenced context could not be accessed.

GSS_S_CONTEXT_EXPIRED: The context has expired.

GSS_S_BAD_QOP: The specified QOP is not supported by the mechanism.
```

gss_add_cred ()

Adds a credential-element to a credential. The credential-element is identified by the name of the principal to which it refers. GSS-API implementations must impose a local access-control policy on callers of this routine to prevent unauthorized callers from acquiring credential-elements to which they are not entitled. This routine is not intended to provide a "login to the network" function, as such a function would involve the creation of new mechanism-specific authentication data, rather than merely acquiring a GSS-API handle to existing data. Such functions, if required, should be defined in implementation-specific extensions to the API.

If desired_name is GSS_C_NO_NAME, the call is interpreted as a request to add a credential element that will invoke default behavior when passed to gss_init_sec_context() (if cred_usage is GSS_C_INITIATE or GSS_C_BOTH) or gss_accept_sec_context() (if cred_usage is GSS_C_ACCEPT or GSS_C_BOTH).

This routine is expected to be used primarily by context acceptors, since implementations are likely to provide mechanism-specific ways of obtaining GSS-API initiator credentials from the system login process. Some implementations may therefore not support the acquisition of GSS_C_INITIATE or GSS_C_BOTH credentials via gss_acquire_cred for any name other than GSS_C_NO_NAME, or a name produced by applying either gss_inquire_cred to a valid credential, or gss_inquire_context to an active context.

If credential acquisition is time-consuming for a mechanism, the mechanism may choose to delay the actual acquisition until the credential is required (e.g. by gss_init_sec_context or gss_accept_sec_context). Such mechanism-specific implementation decisions should be invisible to the calling application; thus a call of gss_inquire_cred immediately following the call of gss_add_cred must return valid credential data, and may therefore incur the overhead of a deferred credential acquisition.

This routine can be used to either compose a new credential containing all credential-elements of the original in addition to the newly-acquire credential-element, or to add the new credential-element to an existing credential. If NULL is specified for the output_cred_handle parameter argument, the new credential-element will be added to the credential identified by input_cred_handle; if a valid pointer is specified for the output_cred_handle parameter, a new credential handle will be created.

If GSS_C_NO_CREDENTIAL is specified as the input_cred_handle, gss_add_cred will compose a credential (and set the output_cred_handle parameter accordingly) based on default behavior. That is, the call will have the same effect as if the application

had first made a call to <code>gss_acquire_cred()</code>, specifying the same usage and passing GSS_C_NO_NAME as the desired_name parameter to obtain an explicit credential handle embodying default behavior, passed this credential handle to <code>gss_add_cred()</code>, and finally called <code>gss_release_cred()</code> on the first credential handle.

If GSS_C_NO_CREDENTIAL is specified as the input_cred_handle parameter, a non-NULL output_cred_handle must be supplied.

	(integer, modify)
minor_status	Mechanism specific status
	code.
	(gss_cred_id_t, read,
	optional) The credential to
	which a credential-element
	will be added. If
	GSS_C_NO_CREDENTIAL
	is specified, the routine will
	compose the new credential
	based on default behavior
input_cred_handle	(see text). Note that, while
	the credential-handle is not
	modified by
	gss_add_cred(), the
	underlying credential will
	be modified if
	output_credential_handle is
	NULL.
	(gss_name_t, read.) Name
Assistant many	of principal whose
desired_name	credential should be
	acquired.
	(Object ID, read)
desired_mech	Underlying security
desired_mech	mechanism with which the
	credential may be used.
	(gss_cred_usage_t, read)
	GSS_C_BOTH - Credential
	may be used either to
	initiate or accept security
	contexts.
cred_usage	GSS_C_INITIATE -
	Credential will only be used
	to initiate security contexts.
	GSS_C_ACCEPT -
	Credential will only be used
	to accept security contexts.
	<u>'</u>

	(Integer, read, optional)
initiator_time_req	number of seconds that the
	credential should remain
	valid for initiating security
	contexts. This argument is
	ignored if the composed
mitator_time_req	credentials are of type
	GSS_C_ACCEPT. Specify
	GSS_C_INDEFINITE to
	request that the credentials
	have the maximum
	permitted initiator lifetime.
	(Integer, read, optional)
	number of seconds that the
	credential should remain
	valid for accepting security
	contexts. This argument is
	ignored if the composed
acceptor_time_req	credentials are of type
	GSS_C_INITIATE. Specify
	GSS_C_INDEFINITE to
	request that the credentials
	have the maximum
	permitted initiator lifetime.
	(gss_cred_id_t, modify,
	optional) The returned
	credential handle,
	containing the new
	credential-element and all
	the credential-elements
	from input_cred_handle. If
	a valid pointer to a
	gss_cred_id_t is supplied
	for this parameter,
	gss_add_cred creates a new
	credential handle
	containing all
	credential-elements from
output_cred_handle	the input_cred_handle and
	the newly acquired
	credential-element; if
	NULL is specified for this
	parameter, the newly
	acquired credential-element
	will be added to the
	credential identified by
	input_cred_handle. The
	resources associated with
	any credential handle
	returned via this parameter
	must be released by the
	application after use with a
	call to gss_release_cred().

actual_mechs	(Set of Object IDs, modify, optional) The complete set of mechanisms for which the new credential is valid. Storage for the returned OID-set must be freed by the application after use with a call to gss_release_oid_set(). Specify NULL if not required.	
initiator_time_rec	(Integer, modify, optional) Actual number of seconds for which the returned credentials will remain valid for initiating contexts using the specified mechanism. If the implementation or mechanism does not support expiration of credentials, the value GSS_C_INDEFINITE will be returned. Specify NULL if not required	
acceptor_time_rec	(Integer, modify, optional) Actual number of seconds for which the returned credentials will remain valid for accepting security contexts using the specified mechanism. If the implementation or mechanism does not support expiration of credentials, the value GSS_C_INDEFINITE will be returned. Specify NULL if not required	

 ${\tt GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful \ completion.}$

 ${\tt GSS_S_BAD_MECH:}\ Unavailable\ mechanism\ requested.$

GSS_S_BAD_NAMETYPE: Type contained within desired_name parameter is not supported.

GSS_S_BAD_NAME: Value supplied for desired_name parameter is ill-formed.

 ${\tt GSS_S_DUPLICATE_ELEMENT:} \ The \ credential \ already \ contains \ an \ element \ for \ the \ requested \ mechanism \ with \ overlapping \ usage \ and \ validity \ period.$

GSS_S_CREDENTIALS_EXPIRED: The required credentials could not be added because they have expired.

 ${\tt GSS_S_NO_CRED}.$ No credentials were found for the specified name.

gss_inquire_cred_by_mech ()

Obtains per-mechanism information about a credential.

minor_status Mechanism specific status code. (gss_cred_id_t, read) A handle that refers to the target credential. Specify GSS_C_NO_CREDENTIAL	
(gss_cred_id_t, read) A handle that refers to the target credential. Specify	
handle that refers to the target credential. Specify	
ared handle target credential. Specify	
USS_C_NU_CKEDENTIAL	
to inquire about the default	
initiator principal.	
(gss_OID, read) The	
mechanism for which	
mech_type information should be	
returned.	
(gss_name_t, modify,	
optional) The name whose	
identity the credential	
asserts. Storage associated	
with this name must be	
name freed by the application	
after use with a call to	
gss_release_name().	
Specify NULL if not	
required.	
(Integer, modify, optional)	
The number of seconds for	
which the credential will	
remain capable of initiating	
security contexts under the	
specified mechanism. If the	
credential can no longer be	
used to initiate contexts, or	
if the credential usage for	
initiator_lifetime this mechanism is	
GSS_C_ACCEPT, this	
parameter will be set to	
zero. If the implementation	
does not support expiration	
of initiator credentials, the	
value	
GSS_C_INDEFINITE will	
be returned. Specify NULL	
if not required.	

acceptor_lifetime	(Integer, modify, optional) The number of seconds for which the credential will remain capable of accepting security contexts under the specified mechanism. If the credential can no longer be used to accept contexts, or if the credential usage for this mechanism is GSS_C_INITIATE, this parameter will be set to zero. If the implementation does not support expiration of acceptor credentials, the value GSS_C_INDEFINITE will be returned. Specify NULL if not required.	number of seconds for the the credential will ain capable of accepting rity contexts under the ified mechanism. If the ential can no longer be to accept contexts, or e credential usage for mechanism isC_INITIATE, this meter will be set to . If the implementation not support expiration acceptor credentials, the eeC_INDEFINITE will eturned. Specify NULL at required.
cred_usage	(gss_cred_usage_t, modify, optional) How the credential may be used with the specified mechanism. One of the following: GSS_C_INITIATE, GSS_C_ACCEPT, GSS_C_BOTH. Specify NULL if not required.	onal) How the ential may be used with pecified mechanism. of the following: _C_INITIATE, _C_ACCEPT, _C_BOTH. Specify

GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.

GSS S NO CRED: The referenced credentials could not be accessed.

GSS_S_DEFECTIVE_CREDENTIAL: The referenced credentials were invalid.

GSS_S_CREDENTIALS_EXPIRED: The referenced credentials have expired. If the lifetime parameter was not passed as NULL, it will be set to 0.

gss_export_sec_context ()

Provided to support the sharing of work between multiple processes. This routine will typically be used by the context-acceptor, in an application where a single process receives incoming connection requests and accepts security contexts over them, then passes the established context to one or more other processes for message exchange. gss_export_sec_context() deactivates the security context for the calling process and creates an interprocess token which, when passed to gss_import_sec_context in another process, will re-activate the context in the second process. Only a single instantiation of a given context may be active at any one time; a subsequent attempt by a context exporter to access the exported security context will fail.

The implementation may constrain the set of processes by which the interprocess token may be imported, either as a function of local security policy, or as a result of implementation decisions. For example, some implementations may constrain contexts to be passed only between processes that run under the same account, or which are part of the same process group.

The interprocess token may contain security-sensitive information (for example cryptographic keys). While mechanisms are encouraged to either avoid placing such sensitive information within interprocess tokens, or to encrypt the token before returning it to the application, in a typical object-library GSS-API implementation this may not be possible. Thus the application must take care to protect the interprocess token, and ensure that any process to which the token is transferred is trustworthy.

If creation of the interprocess token is successful, the implementation shall deallocate all process-wide resources associated with the security context, and set the context_handle to GSS_C_NO_CONTEXT. In the event of an error that makes it impossible to complete the export of the security context, the implementation must not return an interprocess token, and should strive to leave the security context referenced by the context_handle parameter untouched. If this is impossible, it is permissible for the implementation to delete the security context, providing it also sets the context_handle parameter to GSS_C_NO_CONTEXT.

Parameters

	(Integer, modify)	
minor_status	Mechanism specific status	
	code.	
	(gss_ctx_id_t, modify)	
context_handle	Context handle identifying	
	the context to transfer.	
	(buffer, opaque, modify)	
	Token to be transferred to	
interprocess_token	target process. Storage	
	associated with this token	
	must be freed by the	
	application after use with a	
	call to gss_release_buffer().	

Returns

```
GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.

GSS_S_CONTEXT_EXPIRED: The context has expired.

GSS_S_NO_CONTEXT: The context was invalid.

GSS_S_UNAVAILABLE: The operation is not supported.
```

gss_import_sec_context ()

Allows a process to import a security context established by another process. A given interprocess token may be imported only once. See gss_export_sec_context.

minor_status	(Integer, modify) Mechanism specific status code.	
	(buffer, opaque, modify)	
interprocess_token	Token received from	
	exporting process	

context_handle	(gss_ctx_id_t, modify) Context handle of newly reactivated context. Resources associated with this context handle must be released by the application after use with a call to gss_delete_sec_context().
----------------	--

GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.

GSS_S_NO_CONTEXT: The token did not contain a valid context reference.

GSS_S_DEFECTIVE_TOKEN: The token was invalid.

GSS_S_UNAVAILABLE: The operation is unavailable.

GSS_S_UNAUTHORIZED: Local policy prevents the import of this context by the current process.

gss_create_empty_oid_set()

Create an object-identifier set containing no object identifiers, to which members may be subsequently added using the gss_add_oid_set_routine. These routines are intended to be used to construct sets of mechanism object identifiers, for input to gss_acquire_cred.

Parameters

	(integer, modify)	
minor_status	Mechanism specific status	
	code.	
	(Set of Object IDs, modify)	
	The empty object identifier	
	set. The routine will	
oid set	allocate the	
oid_set	gss_OID_set_desc object,	
	which the application must	
	free after use with a call to	
	gss_release_oid_set().	

Returns

 ${\tt GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful\ completion.}$

gss_add_oid_set_member ()

Add an Object Identifier to an Object Identifier set. This routine is intended for use in conjunction with gss_create_empty_oid_set when constructing a set of mechanism OIDs for input to gss_acquire_cred. The oid_set parameter must refer to an OID-set that

was created by GSS-API (e.g. a set returned by gss_create_empty_oid_set()). GSS-API creates a copy of the member_oid and inserts this copy into the set, expanding the storage allocated to the OID-set's elements array if necessary. The routine may add the new member OID anywhere within the elements array, and implementations should verify that the new member_oid is not already contained within the elements array; if the member_oid is already present, the oid_set should remain unchanged.

Parameters

	(integer, modify)	
minor_status	Mechanism specific status	
	code.	
	(Object ID, read) The	
member_oid	object identifier to copied	
	into the set.	
	(Set of Object ID, modify)	
oid set	The set in which the object	
old_set	identifier should be	
	inserted.	

Returns

GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.

gss_test_oid_set_member ()

Interrogate an Object Identifier set to determine whether a specified Object Identifier is a member. This routine is intended to be used with OID sets returned by gss_indicate_mechs(), gss_acquire_cred(), and gss_inquire_cred(), but will also work with user-generated sets.

Parameters

	(integer, modify)
minor_status	Mechanism specific status
	code.
	(Object ID, read) The
member	object identifier whose
	presence is to be tested.
set	(Set of Object ID, read) The
set	Object Identifier set.
	(Boolean, modify)
present	Non-zero if the specified
	OID is a member of the set,
	zero if not.

Returns

GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.

gss_inquire_names_for_mech ()

Returns the set of nametypes supported by the specified mechanism.

Parameters

	(Integer, modify)	
minor_status	Mechanism specific status	
	code.	
	(gss_OID, read) The	
mechanism	mechanism to be	
	interrogated.	
	(gss_OID_set, modify) Set	
	of name-types supported by	
	the specified mechanism.	
name_types	The returned OID set must	
	be freed by the application	
	after use with a call to	
	gss_release_oid_set().	

Returns

GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.

gss_inquire_mechs_for_name ()

Returns the set of mechanisms supported by the GSS-API implementation that may be able to process the specified name.

Each mechanism returned will recognize at least one element within the name. It is permissible for this routine to be implemented within a mechanism-independent GSS-API layer, using the type information contained within the presented name, and based on registration information provided by individual mechanism implementations. This means that the returned mech_types set may indicate that a particular mechanism will understand the name when in fact it would refuse to accept the name as input to gss_canonicalize_name, gss_init_sec_context, gss_acquire_cred or gss_add_cred (due to some property of the specific name, as opposed to the name type). Thus this routine should be used only as a prefilter for a call to a subsequent mechanism-specific routine.

minor_status	(Integer, modify) Mechanism specific status code.	
input_name	(gss_name_t, read) The name to which the inquiry relates.	

	(gss_OID_set, modify) Set
	of mechanisms that may
	support the specified name.
mech_types	The returned OID set must
	be freed by the caller after
	use with a call to
	gss_release_oid_set().

 ${\tt GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful \ completion.}$

GSS_S_BAD_NAME: The input_name parameter was ill-formed.

GSS_S_BAD_NAMETYPE: The input_name parameter contained an invalid or unsupported type of name.

gss_canonicalize_name ()

Generate a canonical mechanism name (MN) from an arbitrary internal name. The mechanism name is the name that would be returned to a context acceptor on successful authentication of a context where the initiator used the input_name in a successful call to gss_acquire_cred, specifying an OID set containing $mech_type$ as its only member, followed by a call to gss_init_sec_context(), specifying $mech_type$ as the authentication mechanism.

Parameters

	(Integer, modify)
minor_status	Mechanism specific status
	code.
	(gss_name_t, read) The
input_name	name for which a canonical
	form is desired.
	(Object ID, read) The
	authentication mechanism
	for which the canonical
mech_type	form of the name is desired.
	The desired mechanism
	must be specified explicitly;
	no default is provided.
	(gss_name_t, modify) The
	resultant canonical name.
output nama	Storage associated with this
output_name	name must be freed by the
	application after use with a
	call to gss_release_name().

Returns

 ${\tt GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful \ completion.}$

gss_duplicate_name ()

Create an exact duplicate of the existing internal name src_name . The new $dest_name$ will be independent of src_name (i.e. src_name and $dest_name$ must both be released, and the release of one shall not affect the validity of the other).

Parameters

	(Integer, modify)
minor_status	Mechanism specific status
	code.
ere name	(gss_name_t, read) Internal
src_name	name to be duplicated.
	(gss_name_t, modify) The
	resultant copy of src_name
	. Storage associated with
dest_name	this name must be freed by
	the application after use
	with a call to
	gss_release_name().

Returns

```
GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful completion.
```

GSS_S_BAD_NAME: The src_name parameter was ill-formed.

gss_sign ()

gss_verify ()

gss_seal ()

gss_unseal ()

gss_inquire_sasIname_for_mech ()

Output the SASL mechanism name of a GSS-API mechanism. It also returns a name and description of the mechanism in a user friendly form.

	(Integer, modify)	
minor_status	Mechanism specific status	
	code.	
	(OID, read) Identifies the	
desired_mech	GSS-API mechanism to	
	query.	
	(buffer, character-string,	
	modify, optional) Buffer to	
	receive SASL mechanism	
sasl_mech_name	name. The application must	
	free storage associated with	
	this name after use with a	
	call to gss_release_buffer().	
	(buffer, character-string,	
	modify, optional) Buffer to	
	receive human readable	
maah nama	mechanism name. The	
mech_name	application must free	
	storage associated with this	
	name after use with a call to	
	gss_release_buffer().	

	(buffer, character-string,	
mech_description	modify, optional) Buffer to	
	receive description of	
	mechanism. The	
	application must free	
	storage associated with this	
	name after use with a call to	
	gss_release_buffer().	

 ${\tt GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful \ completion.}$

GSS_S_BAD_MECH: The desired_mech OID is unsupported.

gss_inquire_mech_for_sasIname ()

Output GSS-API mechanism OID of mechanism associated with given <code>sasl_mech_name</code>.

Parameters

	(Integer, modify)	
minor_status	Mechanism specific status	
	code.	
	(buffer, character-string,	
sasl_mech_name	read) Buffer with SASL	
	mechanism name.	
	(OID, modify, optional)	
	Actual mechanism used.	
	The OID returned via this	
	parameter will be a pointer	
mech_type	to static storage that should	
meen_type	be treated as read-only; In	
	particular the application	
	should not attempt to free it.	
	Specify NULL if not	
	required.	

Returns

 ${\tt GSS_S_COMPLETE: Successful \ completion.}$

GSS_S_BAD_MECH: There is no GSS-API mechanism known as sasl_mech_name.

gss_oid_equal ()

Compare two OIDs for equality. The comparison is "deep", i.e., the actual byte sequences of the OIDs are compared instead of just the pointer equality. This function is standardized in RFC 6339.

Parameters

first_oid	(Object ID, read) First Object identifier.	
second oid	(Object ID, read) First	
second_oid	Object identifier.	

Returns

Returns boolean value true when the two OIDs are equal, otherwise false.

gss_encapsulate_token ()

Add the mechanism-independent token header to GSS-API context token data. This is used for the initial token of a GSS-API context establishment sequence. It incorporates an identifier of the mechanism type to be used on that context, and enables tokens to be interpreted unambiguously at GSS-API peers. See further section 3.1 of RFC 2743. This function is standardized in RFC 6339.

Parameters

	(buffer, opaque, read)	
input_token	Buffer with GSS-API	
	context token data.	
token oid	(Object ID, read) Object	
token_old	identifier of token.	
	(buffer, opaque, modify)	
output tokan	Encapsulated token data;	
output_token	caller must release with	
	gss_release_buffer().	

Returns

 ${\tt GSS_S_COMPLETE:}\ Indicates\ successful\ completion,\ and\ that\ output\ parameters\ holds\ correct\ information.$

GSS_S_FAILURE: Indicates that encapsulation failed for reasons unspecified at the GSS-API level.

gss_decapsulate_token ()

Remove the mechanism-independent token header from an initial GSS-API context token. Unwrap a buffer in the mechanism-independent token format. This is the reverse of gss_encapsulate_token(). The translation is loss-less, all data is preserved as is. This function is standardized in RFC 6339.

Parameters

	(buffer, opaque, read)	
input_token	Buffer with GSS-API	
	context token.	
token_oid	(Object ID, read) Expected	
token_old	object identifier of token.	
	(buffer, opaque, modify)	
output token	Decapsulated token data;	
output_token	caller must release with	
	gss_release_buffer().	

Returns

GSS_S_COMPLETE: Indicates successful completion, and that output parameters holds correct information.

GSS_S_DEFECTIVE_TOKEN: Means that the token failed consistency checks (e.g., OID mismatch or ASN.1 DER length errors).

GSS_S_FAILURE: Indicates that decapsulation failed for reasons unspecified at the GSS-API level.

Types and Values

gss_ctx_id_t

```
typedef struct gss_ctx_id_struct *gss_ctx_id_t;
```

gss_cred_id_t

```
typedef struct gss_cred_id_struct *gss_cred_id_t;
```

gss_name_t

```
typedef struct gss_name_struct *gss_name_t;
```

gss_uint32

```
typedef unsigned short gss_uint32;
```

OM_uint32

```
typedef gss_uint32 OM_uint32;
```

gss_qop_t

```
typedef OM_uint32 gss_qop_t;
```

gss_cred_usage_t

typedef int gss_cred_usage_t;

GSS_C_DELEG_FLAG

define GSS_C_DELEG_FLAG

GSS_C_MUTUAL_FLAG

define GSS_C_MUTUAL_FLAG

GSS_C_REPLAY_FLAG

define GSS_C_REPLAY_FLAG

GSS_C_SEQUENCE_FLAG

define GSS_C_SEQUENCE_FLAG 8

GSS_C_CONF_FLAG

define GSS_C_CONF_FLAG 16

GSS_C_INTEG_FLAG

define GSS_C_INTEG_FLAG 32

GSS_C_ANON_FLAG

define GSS_C_ANON_FLAG 64

GSS_C_PROT_READY_FLAG

define GSS_C_PROT_READY_FLAG 128

GSS_C_TRANS_FLAG

define GSS_C_TRANS_FLAG 256

GSS_C_BOTH

define GSS_C_BOTH 0

GSS_C_INITIATE

define GSS_C_INITIATE 1

GSS_C_ACCEPT

define GSS_C_ACCEPT 2

GSS_C_GSS_CODE

define GSS_C_GSS_CODE 1

${\sf GSS_C_MECH_CODE}$

define GSS_C_MECH_CODE 2

GSS_C_AF_UNSPEC

define GSS_C_AF_UNSPEC 0

GSS_C_AF_LOCAL

define GSS_C_AF_LOCAL

GSS_C_AF_INET

define GSS_C_AF_INET

GSS_C_AF_IMPLINK

define GSS_C_AF_IMPLINK 3

GSS_C_AF_PUP

define GSS_C_AF_PUP 4

GSS_C_AF_CHAOS

define GSS_C_AF_CHAOS 5

GSS_C_AF_NS

define GSS_C_AF_NS

GSS_C_AF_NBS

define GSS_C_AF_NBS 7

GSS_C_AF_ECMA

define GSS_C_AF_ECMA 8

GSS_C_AF_DATAKIT

define GSS_C_AF_DATAKIT 9

GSS_C_AF_CCITT

define GSS_C_AF_CCITT 10

GSS_C_AF_SNA

define GSS_C_AF_SNA 11

GSS_C_AF_DECnet

define GSS_C_AF_DECnet 12

GSS_C_AF_DLI

define GSS_C_AF_DLI 13

${\sf GSS_C_AF_LAT}$

define GSS_C_AF_LAT 14

GSS_C_AF_HYLINK

define GSS_C_AF_HYLINK 15

GSS_C_AF_APPLETALK

define GSS_C_AF_APPLETALK 16

${\sf GSS_C_AF_BSC}$

define GSS_C_AF_BSC 17

GSS_C_AF_DSS

```
# define GSS_C_AF_DSS 18
```

GSS_C_AF_OSI

```
# define GSS_C_AF_OSI 19
```

GSS_C_AF_X25

```
# define GSS_C_AF_X25
21
```

GSS_C_AF_NULLADDR

```
# define GSS_C_AF_NULLADDR 255
```

GSS_C_NO_NAME

```
# define GSS_C_NO_NAME ((gss_name_t) 0)
```

GSS_C_NO_BUFFER

```
# define GSS_C_NO_BUFFER ((gss_buffer_t) 0)
```

GSS_C_NO_OID

```
# define GSS_C_NO_OID ((gss_OID) 0)
```

GSS_C_NO_OID_SET

```
# define GSS_C_NO_OID_SET ((gss_OID_set) 0)
```

GSS_C_NO_CONTEXT

```
# define GSS_C_NO_CONTEXT ((gss_ctx_id_t) 0)
```

GSS_C_NO_CREDENTIAL

```
# define GSS_C_NO_CREDENTIAL ((gss_cred_id_t) 0)
```

GSS_C_NO_CHANNEL_BINDINGS

```
# define GSS_C_NO_CHANNEL_BINDINGS ((gss_channel_bindings_t) 0)
```

GSS_C_EMPTY_BUFFER

define GSS_C_EMPTY_BUFFER {0, NULL}

GSS_C_NULL_OID

define GSS_C_NULL_OID GSS_C_NO_OID

GSS_C_NULL_OID_SET

define GSS_C_NULL_OID_SET GSS_C_NO_OID_SET

GSS_C_QOP_DEFAULT

define GSS_C_QOP_DEFAULT 0

GSS_C_INDEFINITE

define GSS_C_INDEFINITE 0xfffffffful

GSS_C_NT_USER_NAME

extern gss_OID GSS_C_NT_USER_NAME;

GSS_C_NT_MACHINE_UID_NAME

extern gss_OID GSS_C_NT_MACHINE_UID_NAME;

GSS_C_NT_STRING_UID_NAME

extern gss_OID GSS_C_NT_STRING_UID_NAME;

GSS_C_NT_HOSTBASED_SERVICE_X

extern gss_OID GSS_C_NT_HOSTBASED_SERVICE_X;

GSS_C_NT_HOSTBASED_SERVICE

extern gss_OID GSS_C_NT_HOSTBASED_SERVICE;

GSS_C_NT_ANONYMOUS

extern gss_OID GSS_C_NT_ANONYMOUS;

GSS_C_NT_EXPORT_NAME

extern gss_OID GSS_C_NT_EXPORT_NAME;

GSS_S_COMPLETE

define GSS_S_COMPLETE 0

${\tt GSS_C_CALLING_ERROR_OFFSET}$

define GSS_C_CALLING_ERROR_OFFSET 24

GSS_C_ROUTINE_ERROR_OFFSET

define GSS_C_ROUTINE_ERROR_OFFSET 16

GSS_C_SUPPLEMENTARY_OFFSET

define GSS_C_SUPPLEMENTARY_OFFSET 0

GSS_C_CALLING_ERROR_MASK

define GSS_C_CALLING_ERROR_MASK 0377ul

GSS_C_ROUTINE_ERROR_MASK

define GSS_C_ROUTINE_ERROR_MASK 0377ul

GSS_C_SUPPLEMENTARY_MASK

define GSS_C_SUPPLEMENTARY_MASK 0177777ul

GSS_S_CALL_INACCESSIBLE_READ

define GSS_S_CALL_INACCESSIBLE_READ~(1ul << GSS_C_CALLING_ERROR_OFFSET)

GSS_S_CALL_INACCESSIBLE_WRITE

define GSS_S_CALL_INACCESSIBLE_WRITE~(2ul << GSS_C_CALLING_ERROR_OFFSET)</pre>

GSS_S_CALL_BAD_STRUCTURE

define GSS_S_CALL_BAD_STRUCTURE~(3ul << GSS_C_CALLING_ERROR_OFFSET)</pre>

GSS_S_BAD_MECH

|--|--|--|

GSS_S_BAD_NAME

)

GSS_S_BAD_NAMETYPE

define GSS S BAD NAMETYPE	(3111	//	GSS_C_ROUTINE_ERF	ROR OFFSET)
CTINC GDD_D_DIND_NATHITITE	(Jul		000_0_1(0011101_01(1	

GSS_S_BAD_BINDINGS

|--|--|

GSS_S_BAD_STATUS

# dofine CCC C DAD CTATUC	(5) / CCC C DOUTINE EDDOD OFFCET)
<pre># define GSS_S_BAD_STATUS</pre>	(5ul << GSS_C_ROUTINE_ERROR_OFFSET)

${\sf GSS_S_BAD_SIG}$

|--|

GSS_S_BAD_MIC

```
# define GSS_S_BAD_MIC GSS_S_BAD_SIG
```

GSS_S_NO_CRED

_S_NO_CRED

GSS_S_NO_CONTEXT

```
# define GSS_S_NO_CONTEXT (8ul << GSS_C_ROUTINE_ERROR_OFFSET)</pre>
```

GSS_S_DEFECTIVE_TOKEN

±	define	GSS	S	DEFECTIVE	TOKEN	(911]	//	GSS	C	ROUTINE	ERROR	OFFSET

GSS_S_DEFECTIVE_CREDENTIAL

```
# define GSS_S_DEFECTIVE_CREDENTIAL (10ul << GSS_C_ROUTINE_ERROR_OFFSET)</pre>
```

GSS_S_CREDENTIALS_EXPIRED

define GSS_S_CREDENTIALS_EXPIRED (11ul << GSS_C_ROUTINE_ERROR_OFFSET)</pre>

GSS S CONTEXT EXPIRED

define GSS_S_CONTEXT_EXPIRED (12ul << GSS_C_ROUTINE_ERROR_OFFSET)

GSS S FAILURE

define GSS_S_FAILURE (13ul << GSS_C_ROUTINE_ERROR_OFFSET)</pre>

GSS_S_BAD_QOP

define GSS_S_BAD_QOP (14ul << GSS_C_ROUTINE_ERROR_OFFSET)</pre>

GSS_S_UNAUTHORIZED

define GSS_S_UNAUTHORIZED (15ul << GSS_C_ROUTINE_ERROR_OFFSET)</pre>

GSS S UNAVAILABLE

define GSS_S_UNAVAILABLE (16ul << GSS_C_ROUTINE_ERROR_OFFSET)</pre>

GSS_S_DUPLICATE_ELEMENT

define GSS_S_DUPLICATE_ELEMENT (17ul << GSS_C_ROUTINE_ERROR_OFFSET)</pre>

GSS_S_NAME_NOT_MN

define GSS_S_NAME_NOT_MN (18ul << GSS_C_ROUTINE_ERROR_OFFSET)</pre>

GSS_S_CONTINUE_NEEDED

define GSS_S_CONTINUE_NEEDED~(1ul << (GSS_C_SUPPLEMENTARY_OFFSET + 0))</pre>

GSS_S_DUPLICATE_TOKEN

define GSS_S_DUPLICATE_TOKEN~(1ul << (GSS_C_SUPPLEMENTARY_OFFSET + 1))</pre>

GSS_S_OLD_TOKEN

define GSS_S_OLD_TOKEN (1ul << (GSS_C_SUPPLEMENTARY_OFFSET + 2))

GSS_S_UNSEQ_TOKEN

```
# define GSS_S_UNSEQ_TOKEN~(1ul << (GSS_C_SUPPLEMENTARY_OFFSET + 3))</pre>
```

GSS_S_GAP_TOKEN

```
# define GSS_S_GAP_TOKEN (1ul << (GSS_C_SUPPLEMENTARY_OFFSET + 4))</pre>
```

gss_const_buffer_t

```
typedef const gss_buffer_desc *gss_const_buffer_t;
```

gss_const_ctx_id_t

```
typedef const struct gss_ctx_id_struct *gss_const_ctx_id_t;
```

gss_const_cred_id_t

```
typedef const struct gss_cred_id_struct *gss_const_cred_id_t;
```

gss_const_name_t

```
typedef const struct gss_name_struct *gss_const_name_t;
```

gss_const_OID

```
typedef const gss_OID_desc *gss_const_OID;
```

gss_const_OID_set

```
typedef const gss_OID_set_desc *gss_const_OID_set;
```

1.3 ext

ext —

Functions

const char *	gss_check_version ()
int	gss_userok ()

Types and Values

extern gss_OID_desc	GSS_C_NT_USER_NAME_static
extern gss_OID_desc	GSS_C_NT_MACHINE_UID_NAME_static
extern gss_OID_desc	GSS_C_NT_STRING_UID_NAME_static
extern gss_OID_desc	GSS_C_NT_HOSTBASED_SERVICE_X_static
extern gss_OID_desc	GSS_C_NT_HOSTBASED_SERVICE_static
extern gss_OID_desc	GSS_C_NT_ANONYMOUS_static
extern gss_OID_desc	GSS_C_NT_EXPORT_NAME_static

Description

Functions

gss_check_version ()

```
const char~*
gss_check_version (const char *req_version);
```

Check that the version of the library is at minimum the one given as a string in req_version.

WARNING: This function is a GNU GSS specific extension, and is not part of the official GSS API.

Parameters

req_version	version string to compare
	with, or NULL

Returns

The actual version string of the library; NULL if the condition is not met. If NULL is passed to this function no check is done and only the version string is returned.

gss_userok ()

Compare the username against the output from gss_export_name() invoked on name, after removing the leading OID. This answers the question whether the particular mechanism would authenticate them as the same principal

WARNING: This function is a GNU GSS specific extension, and is not part of the official GSS API.

Parameters

name	(gss_name_t, read) Name to be compared.	
username	Zero terminated string with	
username	username.	

Returns

Returns 0 if the names match, non-0 otherwise.

Types and Values

GSS_C_NT_USER_NAME_static

extern gss_OID_desc GSS_C_NT_USER_NAME_static;

GSS_C_NT_MACHINE_UID_NAME_static

extern gss_OID_desc GSS_C_NT_MACHINE_UID_NAME_static;

GSS_C_NT_STRING_UID_NAME_static

extern gss_OID_desc GSS_C_NT_STRING_UID_NAME_static;

GSS_C_NT_HOSTBASED_SERVICE_X_static

extern gss_OID_desc GSS_C_NT_HOSTBASED_SERVICE_X_static;

GSS_C_NT_HOSTBASED_SERVICE_static

extern gss_OID_desc GSS_C_NT_HOSTBASED_SERVICE_static;

GSS_C_NT_ANONYMOUS_static

extern gss_OID_desc GSS_C_NT_ANONYMOUS_static;

GSS_C_NT_EXPORT_NAME_static

extern gss_OID_desc GSS_C_NT_EXPORT_NAME_static;

1.4 krb5

krb5 —

Types and Values

#define	GSS_KRB5_S_G_BAD_SERVICE_NAME
#define	GSS_KRB5_S_G_BAD_STRING_UID
#define	GSS_KRB5_S_G_NOUSER
#define	GSS_KRB5_S_G_VALIDATE_FAILED
#define	GSS_KRB5_S_G_BUFFER_ALLOC
#define	GSS_KRB5_S_G_BAD_MSG_CTX
#define	GSS_KRB5_S_G_WRONG_SIZE
#define	GSS_KRB5_S_G_BAD_USAGE
#define	GSS_KRB5_S_G_UNKNOWN_QOP

#define	GSS_KRB5_S_KG_CCACHE_NOMATCH
#define	GSS_KRB5_S_KG_KEYTAB_NOMATCH
#define	GSS_KRB5_S_KG_TGT_MISSING
#define	GSS_KRB5_S_KG_NO_SUBKEY
#define	GSS_KRB5_S_KG_CONTEXT_ESTABLISHED
#define	GSS_KRB5_S_KG_BAD_SIGN_TYPE
#define	GSS_KRB5_S_KG_BAD_LENGTH
#define	GSS_KRB5_S_KG_CTX_INCOMPLETE
extern gss_OID	GSS_KRB5_NT_USER_NAME
extern gss_OID	GSS_KRB5_NT_HOSTBASED_SERVICE_NAME
extern gss_OID	GSS_KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL_NAME
extern gss_OID	GSS_KRB5_NT_MACHINE_UID_NAME
extern gss_OID	GSS_KRB5_NT_STRING_UID_NAME

Description

Functions

Types and Values

GSS_KRB5_S_G_BAD_SERVICE_NAME

define GSS_KRB5_S_G_BAD_SERVICE_NAME 1

${\tt GSS_KRB5_S_G_BAD_STRING_UID}$

define GSS_KRB5_S_G_BAD_STRING_UID 2

GSS_KRB5_S_G_NOUSER

define GSS_KRB5_S_G_NOUSER 3

GSS_KRB5_S_G_VALIDATE_FAILED

define GSS_KRB5_S_G_VALIDATE_FAILED 4

GSS_KRB5_S_G_BUFFER_ALLOC

define GSS_KRB5_S_G_BUFFER_ALLOC 5

${\tt GSS_KRB5_S_G_BAD_MSG_CTX}$

define GSS_KRB5_S_G_BAD_MSG_CTX 6

${\sf GSS_KRB5_S_G_WRONG_SIZE}$

define GSS_KRB5_S_G_WRONG_SIZE 7

GSS_KRB5_S_G_BAD_USAGE

define GSS_KRB5_S_G_BAD_USAGE 8

GSS_KRB5_S_G_UNKNOWN_QOP

define GSS_KRB5_S_G_UNKNOWN_QOP 9

GSS_KRB5_S_KG_CCACHE_NOMATCH

define GSS_KRB5_S_KG_CCACHE_NOMATCH 10

GSS_KRB5_S_KG_KEYTAB_NOMATCH

define GSS_KRB5_S_KG_KEYTAB_NOMATCH 11

GSS_KRB5_S_KG_TGT_MISSING

define GSS_KRB5_S_KG_TGT_MISSING 12

GSS_KRB5_S_KG_NO_SUBKEY

define GSS_KRB5_S_KG_NO_SUBKEY 13

GSS_KRB5_S_KG_CONTEXT_ESTABLISHED

define GSS_KRB5_S_KG_CONTEXT_ESTABLISHED 14

GSS_KRB5_S_KG_BAD_SIGN_TYPE

define GSS_KRB5_S_KG_BAD_SIGN_TYPE 15

GSS_KRB5_S_KG_BAD_LENGTH

define GSS_KRB5_S_KG_BAD_LENGTH 16

GSS_KRB5_S_KG_CTX_INCOMPLETE

define GSS_KRB5_S_KG_CTX_INCOMPLETE 17

GSS_KRB5_NT_USER_NAME

extern gss_OID GSS_KRB5_NT_USER_NAME;

GSS_KRB5_NT_HOSTBASED_SERVICE_NAME

extern gss_OID GSS_KRB5_NT_HOSTBASED_SERVICE_NAME;

GSS_KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL_NAME

extern gss_OID GSS_KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL_NAME;

GSS_KRB5_NT_MACHINE_UID_NAME

extern gss_OID GSS_KRB5_NT_MACHINE_UID_NAME;

GSS_KRB5_NT_STRING_UID_NAME

extern gss_OID GSS_KRB5_NT_STRING_UID_NAME;

1.5 krb5-ext

krb5-ext —

Types and Values

extern gss_OID	GSS_KRB5
extern gss_OID_desc	GSS_KRB5_static
extern gss_OID_desc	GSS_KRB5_NT_USER_NAME_static
extern gss_OID_desc	GSS_KRB5_NT_HOSTBASED_SERVICE_NAME_static
extern gss_OID_desc	GSS_KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL_NAME_static
extern gss_OID_desc	GSS_KRB5_NT_MACHINE_UID_NAME_static
extern gss_OID_desc	GSS_KRB5_NT_STRING_UID_NAME_static

Description

Functions

Types and Values

GSS_KRB5

extern gss_OID GSS_KRB5;

GSS KRB5 static

extern gss_OID_desc GSS_KRB5_static;

GSS_KRB5_NT_USER_NAME_static

extern gss_OID_desc GSS_KRB5_NT_USER_NAME_static;

GSS_KRB5_NT_HOSTBASED_SERVICE_NAME_static

extern gss_OID_desc GSS_KRB5_NT_HOSTBASED_SERVICE_NAME_static;

GSS_KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL_NAME_static

extern gss_OID_desc GSS_KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL_NAME_static;

GSS_KRB5_NT_MACHINE_UID_NAME_static

extern gss_OID_desc GSS_KRB5_NT_MACHINE_UID_NAME_static;

GSS_KRB5_NT_STRING_UID_NAME_static

extern gss_OID_desc GSS_KRB5_NT_STRING_UID_NAME_static;

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