

GNU Calc Reference Card

(for GNU Emacs version 27)

Starting and Stopping

| | |
|---------------------------------|---------|
| start/stop standard Calc | C-x * c |
| start/stop X keypad Calc | C-x * k |
| start/stop either: C-x * * | |
| stop standard Calc | q |
| Calc tutorial | C-x * t |
| run Calc in other window | C-x * o |
| quick calculation in minibuffer | C-x * q |

Getting Help

The **h** prefix key is Calc's analogue of **C-h** in Emacs.

| | |
|------------------------------|----------------|
| quick summary of keys | ? |
| describe key briefly | h c |
| describe key fully | h k |
| describe function or command | h f |
| read Info manual | h i or C-x * i |
| read full Calc summary | h s or C-x * s |

Error Recovery

| | |
|-------------------------------|----------------|
| abort command in progress | C-g |
| display recent error messages | w |
| undo last operation | U |
| redo last operation | D |
| recall last arguments | M-RET |
| edit top of stack | ' |
| reset Calc to initial state | C-x * 0 (zero) |

Transferring Data

| | |
|---------------------------------|---------|
| grab region from a buffer | C-x * g |
| grab rectangle from a buffer | C-x * r |
| grab rectangle, summing columns | C-x * : |
| grab rectangle, summing rows | C-x * _ |
| yank data to a buffer | C-x * y |

Also, try **C-k/C-y** or **X** cut and paste.

Examples

In RPN, enter numbers first, separated by **RET** if necessary, then type the operator. To enter a calculation in algebraic form, press the apostrophe first.

| | | |
|----------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Example: | RPN style: | algebraic style: |
| | 2 RET 3 + | ' 2+3 RET |
| Example: | 2 RET 3 + 4 * | ' (2+3)*4 RET |
| Example: | 2 RET 3 RET 4 + * | ' 2*(3+4) RET |
| Example: | 3 RET 6 + Q 3 ^ | ' sqrt(3+6)^3 RET |
| Example: | P 3 / n S | ' sin(-pi/3) RET = |

Arithmetic

| | |
|--|-------------|
| add, subtract, multiply, divide | +, -, *, / |
| raise to a power, <i>n</i> th root | ^, I ^ |
| change sign | n |
| reciprocal 1/ <i>x</i> | & |
| square root \sqrt{x} | Q |
| set precision | P |
| round off last two digits | c 2 |
| convert to fraction, float | c F, c f |
| enter using algebraic notation | ' 2+3*4 |
| refer to previous result | ' 3*\$^2 |
| refer to higher stack entries | ' \$1*\$2^2 |
| finish alg entry without evaluating | LFD |
| set mode where alg entry used by default | m a |

Stack Commands

Here S_n is the *n*th stack entry, and N is the size of the stack.

| | | | |
|------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| <i>key</i> | <i>no prefix</i> | <i>prefix n</i> | <i>prefix -n</i> |
| RET | copy S_1 | copy $S_{1..n}$ | copy S_n |
| LFD | copy S_2 | copy S_n | copy $S_{1..n}$ |
| DEL | delete S_1 | delete $S_{1..n}$ | delete S_n |
| M-DEL | delete S_2 | delete S_n | delete $S_{1..n}$ |
| TAB | swap $S_1 \leftrightarrow S_2$ | roll S_1 to S_n | roll S_n to S_N |
| M-TAB | roll S_3 to S_1 | roll S_n to S_1 | roll S_N to S_n |

With a 0 prefix, these copy, delete, or reverse the entire stack.

Display

| | |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| scroll horizontally, vertically | < >, { } |
| home cursor | o |
| line numbers on/off | d l |
| trail display on/off | t d |
| scientific notation | d s |
| fixed-point notation | d f |
| floating-point (normal) notation | d n |
| group digits with commas | d g |

For display mode commands, **H** prefix prevents screen redraw and **I** prefix temporarily redraws top of stack.

Notations

| | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| scientific notation | 6.02e23 |
| minus sign in numeric entry | _23 or 23 n |
| fractions | 3:4 |
| complex numbers | (<i>x</i> , <i>y</i>) |
| polar complex numbers | (<i>r</i> ; θ) |
| vectors (commas optional) | [1, 2, 3] |
| matrices (or nested vectors) | [1, 2; 3, 4] |
| error forms (p key) | 100 +/- 0.5 |
| interval forms | [2 .. 5] |
| modulo forms (M key) | 6 mod 24 |
| HMS forms | 5@ 30' 0" |
| date forms | <Jul 4, 1992> |
| infinity, indeterminate | inf, nan |

Scientific Functions

| | |
|--|---------------|
| ln, log ₁₀ , log _b | L, H L, B |
| exponential e^x , 10^x | E, H E |
| sin, cos, tan | S, C, T |
| arcsin, arccos, arctan | I S, I C, I T |
| inverse, hyperbolic prefix keys | I, H |
| two-argument arctan | f T |
| degrees, radians modes | m d, m r |
| pi (π) | P |
| factorial, double factorial | !, k d |
| combinations, permutations | k c, H k c |
| prime factorization | k f |
| next prime, previous prime | k n, I k n |
| GCD, LCM | k g, k l |
| random number, shuffle | k r, k h |
| minimum, maximum | f n, f x |
| error functions erf, erfc | f e, I f e |
| gamma, beta functions | f g, f b |
| incomplete gamma, beta functions | f G, f B |
| Bessel J_ν , Y_ν functions | f j, f y |
| complex magnitude, arg, conjugate | A, G, J |
| real, imaginary parts | f r, f i |
| convert polar/rectangular | c p |

Financial Functions

| | |
|--|----------|
| enter percentage | M-% |
| convert to percentage | c % |
| percentage change | b % |
| present value | b P |
| future value | b F |
| rate of return | b T |
| number of payments | b # |
| size of payments | b M |
| net present value, int. rate of return | b N, b I |

Above computations assume payments at end of period. Use **I** prefix for beginning of period, or **H** for a lump sum investment.

| | |
|----------------------------|-----|
| straight-line depreciation | b S |
| sum-of-years'-digits | b Y |
| double declining balance | b D |

Units

| | |
|----------------------------------|------------|
| enter with units | ' 55 mi/hr |
| convert to new units, base units | u c, u b |
| convert temperature units | u t |
| simplify units expression | u s |
| view units table | u v |

Common units:

distance: m, cm, mm, km; in, ft, mi, mfi; point, lyr
 volume: l or L, ml; gal, qt, pt, cup, floz, tbs, tsp
 mass: g, mg, kg, t; lb, oz, ton
 time: s or sec, ms, us, ns, min, hr, day, wk
 temperature: degC, degF, K

GNU Calc Reference Card

Programmer's Functions

| | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|
| binary, octal, hex display | d 2, d 8, d 6 |
| decimal, other radix display | d 0, d r |
| display leading zeros | d z |
| entering non-decimal numbers | 16#7FFF |
| binary word size | b w |
| binary AND, OR, XOR | b a, b o, b x |
| binary DIFF, NOT | b d, b n |
| left shift | b l |
| logical right shift | b r |
| arithmetic right shift | b R |
| integer quotient, remainder | \, % |
| integer square root, logarithm | f Q, f I |
| floor, ceiling, round to integer | F, I F, R |

Variables

Variable names are single digits or whole words.

| | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|
| store to variable | s t |
| store and keep on stack | s s |
| recall from variable | s r |
| shorthands for digit variables | t n, s n, r n |
| unstore, exchange variable | s u, s x |
| edit variable | s e |

Vector Operations

| | |
|---|---------------|
| vector of 1, 2, ..., n | v x n |
| vector of n counts from a by b | C-u v x |
| vector of copies of a value | v b |
| concatenate into vector | |
| pack many stack items into vector | v p |
| unpack vector or object | v u |
| length of vector (list) | v l |
| reverse vector | v v |
| sort, grade vector | V S, V G |
| histogram of vector data | V H |
| extract vector element | v r |
| matrix determinant, inverse | V D, & |
| matrix transpose, trace | v t, V T |
| cross, dot products | V C, * |
| identity matrix | v i |
| extract matrix row, column | v r, v c |
| intersection, union, diff of sets | V ^, V V, V - |
| cardinality of set | V # |
| add vectors elementwise (i.e., map +) | V M + |
| sum elements in vector (i.e., reduce +) | V R + |
| sum rows in matrix | V R _ + |
| sum columns in matrix | V R : + |
| sum elements, accumulate results | V U + |

Algebra

| | |
|--|------------------|
| enter an algebraic formula | ' 2x+3y^2 |
| enter an equation | ' 2x^2=18 |
| symbolic (vs. numeric) mode | m s |
| fractions (vs. float) mode | m f |
| suppress evaluation of formulas | m 0 |
| return to default evaluation rules | m D |
| “Big” display mode | d B |
| C, Pascal, FORTRAN modes | d C, d P, d F |
| TeX, LaTeX, eqn modes | d T, d L, d E |
| Maxima | d X |
| Unformatted mode | d U |
| Normal language mode | d N |
| simplify formula | a s |
| put formula into rational form | a n |
| evaluate variables in formula | = |
| evaluate numerically | N |
| let variable equal a value in formula | s l <i>x=val</i> |
| declare properties of variable | s d |
| Common decls: pos, int, real, scalar, [<i>a..b</i>]. | |
| expand, collect terms | a x, a c |
| factor, partial fractions | a f, a a |
| polynomial quotient, remainder, GCD | a \, a %, a g |
| derivative, integral | a d, a i |
| taylor series | a t |
| principal solution to equation(s) | a S |
| list of solutions | a P |
| generic solution | H a S |
| apply function to both sides of eqn | a M |
| rewrite formula | a r |
| Example: a r a*b + a*c := a*(b+c) | |
| Example: a r sin(x)^2 := 1-cos(x)^2 | |
| Example: a r cos(n pi) := 1 :: integer(n) :: n%2 = 0 | |
| Example: a r [f(0) := 1, f(n) := n f(n-1) :: n > 0] | |
| Put rules in EvalRules to have them apply automatically. | |
| Put rules in AlgSimpRules to apply during a s command. | |
| Common markers: opt, plain, quote, eval, let, remember. | |
| sum formula over a range | a + |
| product of formula over a range | a * |
| tabulate formula over a range | a T |
| integrate numerically over a range | a I |
| find zero of formula or equation | a R |
| find local min, max of formula | a N, a X |
| fit data to line or curve | a F |
| mean of data in vector or variable | a M |
| median of data | H u M |
| geometric mean of data | u G |
| sum, product of data | u +, u * |
| minimum, maximum of data | u N, u X |
| sample, pop. standard deviation | u S, I u S |

Numerical Computations

Selections

| | |
|-----------------------------------|----------|
| select subformula under cursor | j s |
| select <i>n</i> th subformula | j n |
| select more | j m |
| unselect this, all formulas | j u, j c |
| copy indicated subformula | j RET |
| delete indicated subformula | j DEL |
| commute selected terms | j C |
| commute term leftward, rightward | j L, j R |
| distribute, merge selection | j D, j M |
| isolate selected term in equation | j I |
| negate, invert term in context | j N, j & |
| rewrite selected term | j r |

Graphics

| | |
|-------------------------------------|----------|
| graph function or data | g f |
| graph 3D function or data | g F |
| replot current graph | g p |
| print current graph | g P |
| add curve to graph | g a |
| set number of data points | g N |
| set line, point styles | g s, g S |
| set log vs. linear <i>x, y</i> axis | g l, g L |
| set range for <i>x, y</i> axis | g r, g R |
| close graphics window | g q |

Programming

| | |
|---|---------------|
| begin, end recording a macro | C-x (, C-x) |
| replay keyboard macro | X |
| read region as written-out macro | C-x * m |
| if, else, endif | Z [, Z :, Z] |
| equal to, less than, member of | a =, a <, a { |
| repeat <i>n</i> times, break from loop | Z <, Z >, Z / |
| “for” loop: start, end; body, step | Z (, Z) |
| save, restore mode settings | Z ‘, Z ’ |
| query user during macro | Z # |
| put finished macro on a key | Z K |
| define function with formula | Z F |
| edit definition | Z E |
| record user-defined command permanently | Z P |
| record variable value permanently | s p |
| record mode settings permanently | m m |

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for GNU Emacs Calc.

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